COMMISSION RECOMMENDATIONS AND THEIR DEVELOPMENT -- FINAL REPORT

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Prepared for

COMMISSION ON POSTSECONDARY EDUCATION 201 East 6th Avenue Helena, Montana 59601

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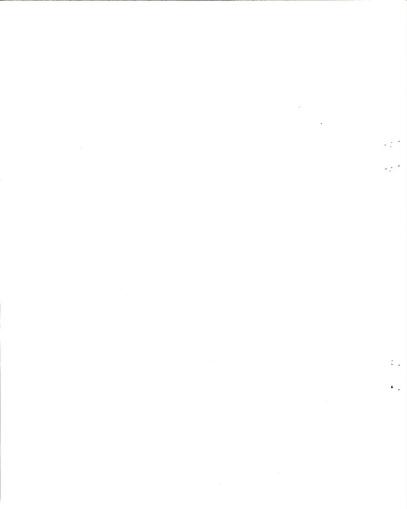
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January, 1975

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INTRODUCTION

This report summarizes the process the Commission on Postsecondary Education used in arriving at the recommendations which appear in the Final Report. This process consisted of four steps:

- -- The Commission staff presented its recommendations (June 6th)
- --The Commission reviewed the staff recommendations in committees. The amendments and modifications to the staff recommendations were compiled by the committee chairpersons (June 6, 7)
- --The full Commission debated and adopted recommendations for the Draft Report
- --The full Commission debated and adopted recommendations for the Final Report
- --The staff made minor editorial changes to improve style and consistency prior to publication of the Final Report.

The results of each phase of this process are set forth
in a format which will allow the reader to trace the development of each recommendation.

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DRIGINAL STAFF RECOMMENDATIONS

- 1. Long-range planning should be conducted at eight-year intervals by an ad bor commission of public representatives appointed by the governor. The commission should consist of 10 to 15 persons. It should complete its task within one year.
- 2. Continuous planning should be the responsibility of the State Board of Education. The Board should be responsible for approving state plans for post-seconder, education.
 - a. The state Board should appoint s permanent advisory committee for comprehensive statewide post-secondary education planning. This committee should be broadly and equitably representative of the general public and public and private monorofit institutions of post-secondary education, including community colleges, postsecondary vocational schools, fouryear colleges and universities, the State Advisory Council for Vocational Education, and the Commission on Federal Higher Education Programs. The advisory committee should be designated the state agency to receive federal funds under Section 1202 and Title X of the Education Amendments of 1972.

82 CHANGES MADE BY COMMISSION June 6-7, 1974

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PLANNING

- 1. Long-range planning should be conducted at eightyear intervals by an ad hoc commission of public lay representatives appointed by the Governor. lay representatives appointed by the covernor. The commands of musber (but no more than 11) persons, and should include exportion one than 11) persons, and should include export of Education and the Board of Fublic Education. The commission should complete its task persons of the commission of
- For purposes of complying with federal regulations, the State Board of Education (the combined board) should be the single board, with the Board of Regents and its executive officer having primary responsibility for post-secondary weaticmal-technical education and the Board of Public Education and its executive officer having primary responsibility for secondary vocational-technical education.
 - a. The Board of Regents should have a permanent advisory committee for comprehensive statewide post-secondary aducation planning. This committee should be broadly and equitably representative of the general public and nublic and private nonprofit institutions of post-secondary education, including community colleges, past-secondary vocational schools, four-year colleges and universities, the State Advisory Council for Vacational Education, and the Commission on Federal Higher Education Programs. The advisory committee should be designated the state agency to receive federal funds under Section 1202 and Title X of the Education Amendments of 1972.

HOW THE RECOMMENDATIONS APPEAR IN THE COMMISSION'S PRELIMINARY REPORTS

- (32) Long-range planning should be conducted at eight- 36. Long-range study and review be conducted at eightyear intervals by an ad hoc commission of public lay representatives appointed by the Governor. The commission should consist of an odd number (but no more than 11) persons, and should include ex-officio pembership from the State Board of Education. The commission should complete its task within one year.
- DELETED

HOW THE RECOMMENDATIONS APPEAR IN THE COMMISSION'S FIXAL REPORTS

year intervals by an ad hoc commission of public lay representatives appointed by the Covernor. The commission should consist of an odd number (but no more than 11) persons, and should include ex-officio membership from the State Board of Education. The corression should complete its task within one year.

See Reinstated Recommendation on page 46.

-1- WThe number preceding the recommendation indicates the order in which the item appears in the report.

*The number preceding the recommendation indicates the order in which the item appears in the report. 2. (CONT'D)

b. The Commissioner of Higher Education should be designated administrative officer of committee.

c. In order to avoid duplicative information pathering, the administrative officer should contract with the Superintendent of Fublic Instruction for the collection of data related to vocational-technical centers.

3. At the state level, program review for the weestional-technical centers is, and should remain, the responsibility of the Board of Public Education.

Program review for the University System is, and should remain, the responsibility of the Board of Regents.

5. At the state level, program review for the community colleges is, and should be, the responsibility of the Board of Regents. except with respect to federally funded vocational-technical programs which must also be reviewed by the Board of Public Education in its function as the State Board for Vocational Education.

The Board of Public Education and the Board of Regents should establish schedules whereby all programs under their respective jurisdictions are systematically reviewed and an explicit determination regarding continuance, modification or termination is reached at least once every five years for university and four-year college programs and once every three years for vocational-technical and community college programs.

2. (CONT'D)

62 b. The Commissioner of Higher Education should be designated administrative officer of the committee, and should be provided with adequate staff to fulfill this responsibility.

c. DELETED

DELETED

A. BELETED

5. At the state level, program (as defined by current Regent policy) review for the community colleges should be the responsibility of the Board of Regents except with respect to federally funded vocational-technical programs which must also be reviewed by the Board of Public Education.

6. The Board of Regents should establish schedules wherehy all programs under its jurisdiction are systematically reviewed and an explicit determination regarding continuance, modification or termination is reached at least once every five years for university and four-year college programs and once every three years for vocational-rechnical and community college programs.

(34) At the state level, program review for the community colleges should be the responsibility of the Board of Regents, except with respect to federally funded vocational-technical programs, which must be reviewed by the Board of Public Education also.

53

(33) The Board of Regents and the Board of Public Education should establish schedules whereby all programs under their respective jurisdictions are systematically reviewed. An explicit determination regarding continuance, modification or termination should be reached at least once every five years for university and four-year college programs, and once every three years for vocational-technical and community college programs.

36. At the state level, program review for the community colleges should be the responsibility of the Roard of Regents, except with respect to federally funded vocational-technical programs, which must be reviewed by the Board of Public Education also.

24

35. The Board of Reports and the Board of Public Education establish schedules whereby all programs under their respective jurisdictions are systematically reviewed. An explicit determination regarding continuance, modification or termination should be reached at least once every five years for university and four-year college programs, and once every two years for vocational-technical and community college pregrams.

7. Each program should be reviewed on an individual basis. A universal formula to determine whether program should be continued or discontinued in every resulting the continued or discontinued in every an part program, certain minimal criteria should be applied and documentation with respect to those criteria should be reviewed by the boards. These includes

. .

a. Number of graduates from the program in each of the last five years

b. Number of students enrolled in the program for each of the last five years;

the rate of completion; the rate of attrition; ratio of enrollment to degree productivity

c. The number of students not enrolled in the program who are served by it - also

for each of the last five years

d. The size of classes identified as integral elements in the program

e. For colleges, universities and community colleges, cost per credit hour - upper division, lower division and graduate of the courses identified as integral elements in the program 7. NO CHANGE

a. NO CHANCE

c. NO CHANCE

d. NO CHANCE

c. NO CHANCE

82

(3) Each program# should be reviewed on an individual hasis. A universal formula to determine whether programs should be continued or discentinued is matther feasible nor desirable. However, as part of the process for reviewing suisting programs, certain minimal criteria should be entablished by the boards and applied to the programs, in the programs of the programs of the presented them to the boards for carties.

#3

(36) Appropriate criteria will be developed over a period of time and will be subject to champe as conditions alter. Therefore we hesitate to specify them, but believe they should take account of the following factors:

> number of graduates from the program in each of the last five years.

 number of students enrolled in the program for each of the last five years; the rate of completion; the rate of attrition; ratio of enrollment to degree productivity.

c. the number of students not enrolled in the program but who are served by it for each of the last five years.

d. the size of classes identified as integral elements in the program.

 for colleges, universities and commenty colleges, cost per credit hour of the courses identified as integral clements in the program (upper division, lower division and staduste).

A"Frogram' refers to a series or sequence of courses leading to a certificate or degree, or designed to prepare students for immediate employment or occupational upgrading Each program* should be reviewed on an individual basis. Fully documented findings should be presented to the boards for action.

8. Appropriate criteria will be developed over a period of time and will be subject to change as conditions alter. Therefore, we hesitate to specify them, but believe they should take account of the following factors:

a. NO CHANCE

b. NO CHANGE

c. NO CHANGE

d. NO CHANGE

e. NO CHANCE

	#1				FZ			+3				
(00)	11"0)	7.	(CO	T'0)		(36)	(00	MI,D)	38. (CON	T'D)	
	For vocational-technical centers, cost per contact hour for courses identified as integral elements in the program		f.	NO CHANGE			f.	for vocational-technical centers, cost per contact hours for courses identified as integral elements in the program.	f		NO CHANGE	
ε.	Cost per program graduate		g.	NO CHAMGE			8-	cost per program graduate.	8		NO CHANGE	
h.	Faculty/Instructor workload		h.	NO CHANGE			h.	faculty/instructor workload.	1	١.	NO CHANGE	
1.	Faculty/Instructor qualifications		í.	NO CHANGE			1.	faculty/instructor qualifications.	1		NO CHANGE	
5.	Reputation of the program		1-	Reputation as program.	nd intrinsic value of the		j.	reputation and intrinsic value of the program.	1		NO CHANGE	
k.	Positions achieved by graduates of the program		k.	NO CHANGE			k.	positions achieved by graduates of the program	b		NO CHANGE	
1.	Fositions achieved by persons enrolled in the program who may have achieved their educational objectives without completing requirements for the degree or certificate		1.	NO CHANGE			1.	positions attained by persons enrolled in the program who may have achieved their educational objectives without completing requirements for the degree or certificate.	1		NO CHANGE	
n.	Total production of graduates in the program area from all institutions in the state (and when appropriate, in the region and/or nation)		n.	NO CHANGE			n.	total production of graduates in the program area from all institutions in the state (and when appropriate, in the region and/or nation).		1.	NO CHANGE	
n.	Economic and/or qualitative improvements which might be achieved by consolidation and/or elimination of the program		n.	NO CHANGE			ь.	economic and/or qualitative improve- ments which might be achieved by consol- idation and/or elimination of the progra		١.	NO CHANGE	
٥.	General student interest and demand for the program; morale of studencs in the program		0.	General stud demand for t in the progr	ent interest, evaluation and he program; worsle of students am		0.	general student interest, evaluation and demand for the program; morale of studen in the program.			NO CHANGE	

7.	(00	WI,D)	7.	(CONT'D)	(36)	(00	WT'D)		
	p.	Indicators of present and future demand for graduates of the program		P. NO CHANGE		р.	indicators of present and future demand for graduates of the program.	р.	indicators of present and future demand for graduates of the program.
	q.	Appropriateoess of the program to the mission of the institution		q. NO CHANCE		q.	appropriateness of the program to the mission of the institution.	q.	appropriateness of the program to the mission of the institution.
	r.	Any needs for other programs of higher priority which might be funded fully or partially from savings realized by discontinuance of the program under review		r. NO CHANGE		r.	any needs for other programs of higher priority which might be funded fully or partially from savings realized by discontinuance of the program under review.	τ.	any needs for other programs of higher priority which sight be funded fully or partfally free savings realized by discontinuance of the pr - gram under review.
	s.	Adequacy of support services, particularly library, laboratory and educational facilities		s. NO CHANGE		8.	adequacy of support services, partic- ularly library, laboratory and educational facilities.	s.	adequacy of support services, particularly library, laboratory and educational facilities.
	t.	Compatibility with state plans		t. NO CHANGE		ε.	compatibility with state plans.	t.	compatibility with state plans.
	u.	ADDED BY COOMISSION 6/27/74		u. ADDED BY COMMISSION 6/27/74		u.	similarity to programs offered at any of the other units.	и.	similarity to pregrams oftered at any of the other units $% \left(1\right) =\left\{ 1\right\} =\left$
								٧.	relevance of the program to its objectives.

#3

 In addition to the above, the following criteria should be applied to the review of graduate programs by the Regents:

a. Average time of completion of those to whom the degree has been awarded

b. Penefits accruing to the institution and the state independent of enrollment or degree production

c. Troportion of departmental resources devoted to the program

d. Sources of funding - state, federal, etc.

e. Qualifications of faculty Qualifications and backgrounds of students attracted to the program

c. Relationship to and impact upon redereraduate program

9. Procedures for existing program review:

Governing board should identify programs to be reviewed and establish schedule

8. NO CHANGE ALL OF 8.

9. NO CHANGE

a. NO CHANGE

(37) In addition, the following criteria should be applied to the review of graduate programs by the Resents:

average time of completion of those to whom the degree has been awarded.

b. benefits accruing to the institution and the state independent of enrollment or degree production.

c. proportion of departmental resources devoted to the program.

d. sources of funding - state, federal, etc. e. qualifications of faculty.

f. qualifications and backgrounds of students attracted to the program.

g. relationship to and impact upon undereraduate program.

(38) The following procedures should be used in review of existing programs.

Governing boards should identify programs to be reviewed and establish a review

39. In addition, the following criteria should be applied to the review of graduate programs by the Recents.

54

a. average time of completion of those to whom the derree has been awarded. b. benefits accruing to the institution and the

state independent of enrollment or degree pro-

c. proportion of departmental resources devoted to the program.

d. sources of funding - state, federal, etc.

e. qualifications of faculty. f. qualifications and backgrounds of students

attracted to the program.

g. relationship to the impact upon undergraduate program.

h. availability of similar graduate programs at other units.

40. NO CHANGE

a. NO CHANGE

9. (CONT'D)

9. (CONT'D)

42 b. NO CHANGE (Except to change section numbers to correspond with previous changes)

e. NO CHANCE

c. The board's executive officer should conduct an independent analysis of the materials submitted by the institution. If necessary, the analysis may include the views of outside consultants. The executive officer should present his recommendation with supporting documentation to the board. If his/her recommendation is not in agreement with that of the iostitution, the executive officer should notify the institution of the recommendation and reasons in sufficient time for the institution to prepare a rebuttal to the board or to withdraw the recommendation.

#1

b. Review should begin at the institutional

al level, results are forwarded to the governing board's executive officer with the

granted for a specified time period.

level where the program is assessed according to criteria of 7 and/or 8 above.

When review is completed at the institution-

institution's recommendations for continuance.

discontinuance, modification, or provisionary

status. The latter should be recommended and

granted only when a program is relatively new

develop information which does not exist or is not available. Provisional status should be

or when the additional time will be used to

(38) (CONT'D)

b. Review should begin at the institutional level where the program should be assessed according to a criteria established by the boards. Institutional review should include administrators, faculty and students. When

review is completed at the institutional level, results should be forwarded to the governing board's executive officer with the institution's recommendations for continuance, discootinuance, modification or provisional status. The latter should be recommended and granted only when a program is relatively new or when the additional time

will be used to develop information which does not exist or is not available. Provisional status should be requested for a specified

time period. c. The board's executive officer should independently analyze the materials

submitted by the institution. If necessary, the analysis may include the views of outside consultants. The executive officer should present the recommendation with supporting documentation to the board. If it is not in agreement with the recownendation of the institution, the executive officer should notify the institution of the reasons to sufficient time for the institution

to prepare a rebuttal to the board or to withdraw its recommendation

40. (CONT'D)

b. NO CHANGE

c. NO CHANGE

~7-

₹1

9. (CONT'D)

d. The governing board reviews all natorials and recommendations, requests whatever additional information may be needed, and votes to continue, discontinue, modify or place the program on provisional status.

- 10. The Board of Public Education and the Board of Regents should begin systematic review of existing programs in the 1974-75 academic
- 11. Existing program review in the University System should begin with review of all Fh.D. programs, beginning with those which are offered in the same disciplines at both dectoral-granting institutions, and all graduate and undergraduate programs in education. All of these programs should be reviewed according to the procedures and criteria set forth in 7. 8 and 9 above, by July 1, 1975.
-)2. Special review of programs outside the established schedule may be initiated at my time at the request of the governing board, the executive officer or the institution offering a program. Such reviews may be necessitated by new information on enrollments, graduates, costs or quality of a program,
- 13. Criteria for Board approval of new academic programs: a. Objectives of the new program

9. (COST'D)

d. NO CHARGE.

a. NO CHANGE

(38) CONT'D

d. The governing board should review all materials and recommendations. request whatever additional inform-

ation may be needed and vote to continue, discontinue, modify or place the program on provisional status for a specified period of time.

10. The Board of Resents should been systematic review (39) The Board of Regents and the Soard of Public Education should begin systemstic review of existing programs as soon as is feasible.

> (40) Existing program review in the University System should begin with review of all Ph.D. programs, considering first those which are offered in the same disciplines at both doctoral-granting institutions and all graduate and undergraduate programs in education. All these programs should be reviewed by July 1, 1976.

(41) Special review of programs outside the established schedule should be initiated at any time at the request of the governing board, the executive officer or the institution offering a program.

(42) Responsible boards should carefully review proposed new programs prior to their initiation. Clear criteria for

review should be established by the boards and regularly criticized in the review process. In setting review criteria, we urge the boards to consider the following factors:

a. Objectives of the new program

40, (CONT'D)

d. The governing board should review all materials and recommendations, request whatever additional information may be needed and vote to contioue, discontinue, modify or place the program on provisional status for a specified period of time.

84

41. NO CHARGE

42. Existing program review in the University System should begin with review of all Ph.D. programs, considering first those which are offered in the same disciplines at both doctoral-granting isstitutions and all graduate and undergraduate programs in education. All these programs should be reviewed by July 1, 1977.

43. NO CHANCE

44. NO CHANGE

a. NO CHANGE

of existing programs in the 1974-75 scademic year.

11. Existing program review in the University System

should begin with review of all Ph.D. programs,

and all graduate and undergraduate programs in

education. All of these programs should be

beginning with those which are offered in the same

reviewed according to the procedures and criteria

set forth in 5, 6 and 7 above, by July 1, 1976.

12. Special review of programs outside the established

schedule may be initiated at any time at the

request of the governing board, the executive

officer or the institution offering a program.

13. Criteria for Board approval of new programs:

disciplines at both doctoral-granting institutions,

-8-

13. (CONT'D)

62

b. NO CHANGE ALL OF b. b. Need for the program

(1) Evidence of student demand (students currently enrolled at the institution requesting the program; students in other institutions who have indicated they would participate in the program; community or regional demand; other sources)

01

13, (CONT'D)

(2) When applicable, indicate potential employers of persons trained in the program area who have requested establishment of the program, and their specific employment needs. Include any other documentation of need for graduates of such a program - manpower projections, etc.

r. NO CHANGE ALL OF C. c. Detailed survey of aimilar programs offered within the state (and for graduate programs, the region).

(1) The potential impact the program nay have on other programs at the institution, especially in terms of funding, facilities, faculty and students

(2) The potential effect on similar programs offered by other institutions. (Supporting documents from other institutions should be included.)

scope) of the institution.

d. Description of the relationship of the d. NO CHANGE program to the mission (or role and

(42) (CONT'D) 44. (Cont'd)

(1) Evidence of student demand (students currently enrolled at the institution requesting the program: students in other institutions who have indicated they would participate in the program; community or regional denand; other

#3

projections, etc.

b. Need for the program

(2) When applicable, indicate potential employers of persons trained in the program area who have requested establishment of the program and their specific employment needs. Include any other documentation of need for graduates of such a program -- manpower

c. Detailed survey of similar programs that are offered within the state (and, for graduate programs, the region).

(1) The potential impact the program may have on other programs at the institution, especially in terms of funding, facilities, faculty and students.

(2) The potential effect on similar programs offered by other institutions. (Supporting documents from other institutions should be included.)

-9.

d. Description of the program as it relates to the mission (or role and scope) of the institution.

b. NO CHANGE (1) NO CHANGE

(2) NO CHANGE

C. NO CHANGE

(1) SO CHARGE

(2) NO CHANGE

d. NO CHANGE

13.	(CO)	MT'D)	13.	(CONT'D)	(42)	(00	fT'D)	44.	(CONT,D)
	e.	Students to be served:		e. NO CHANGE ALL OF c.		е.	Students to be served		e. NO CHANGE
		(1) Anticipated enrollment for a five- year period by level					 Anticipated enrollment for a Tave- year period by level. 		(1) NO CHANGE
		(2) Ultimate enrollment goal for the program					 Ultimate enrollment coul for the program. 		(2) NO CHANGE
		(3) Rationale for these projections					(3) Rationale for these or (a.c.on).		(3) NO CHANGE
	ſ.	Provisions for institutional review of the quality of the program, including student achievement and faculty performance.		f. NO CHANGE		f.	Provisions for institution, Taring of the quality of the pregram, This would include student intirement of faculty performance.		f. NO CHANGE
	g.	Costs of the new program.		g. NO CHANGE ALL OF g.		g.	Costs of the new program		g. NO CHANGE
		 Estimate of start-up (first year) costs. How much of the costs would be absorbed in current budgets and how much additional funding would be required. Identify the sources of additional funding. 					 Estimate of start-no first year) costs. How much or the costs would be absorbed in parent sudgets, and how much additional section would be required? Identify the sources of additional fundame. 		(1) NO CHANGE

#3

(2) Estimates of anticipated last and

h. Faculty staffing needed of the argram, including additional again opportunities.

 Additional facilities. -- Lit. Liverry equipment, classrooms and re-, even that are required, and their class.

j. Present faculty, facility and the tent and library which will supplied to the compare them to known or more, and stan-

and costs of additional start.

dards for accreditation.

anticipated income of the Transma for the four years following its first year. Explanation to the rationale for these stimules.

41

(2) Estimates of anticipated cost and

 faculty staffing needed for the program including additional staff requirements

 Present faculty, facilities, equipment and library which will support the

program and compare them to known or anticipated standards for accreditation.

and costs of additional staff.

1. Additional facilities, including library equipment, classrooms and office space required for the program and their costs.

anticipated income of the program for the four years following its first year. Explanation of the rationale for these estimates.

h. NO CHANGE

i. NO CHANGE

1. NO CHANCE

84

(2) NO CHANGE

h. NO CHANGE

I. NO CHANGE

1. NO CHANGE

-10-

13.	(00	err'o)	13.	(CONT'D)	(42)	(CO	ST'D)	44.	4. (CONT'D)	
	k.	New courses and the frequency they will be offered through the first five years.		k. NO CHANCE		k.	New courses and the frequency with which they will be offered throughout the first five years.		k. NO CHANGE	
	1.	Requirements for the degree or certificate		1. NO CHANGE		1.	Requirements for the degree or certificate.		1. NO CHANGE	
	п.	Supporting courses in other departments.		n. NO CHANGE		n.	Supporting courses in other departments.		m. NO CHANGE	
		Existing programs for which the new program would offer supporting courses.		n. NO CHANGE		n.	Existing programs for which the new program would offer supporting courses.		n. NO CHANGE	
	0.	Procedure used to develop the proposal, including any participation of students, faculty, community, advisory committees, etc.		o. NO CHANGE		0.	Procedure used to develop the proposal, in- cluding participation of students, faculty, community, advisory committees, etc.		O. NO CHANGE	
	p.	Prior to approval of me programs, particularly favorational-technical and some professional areas, it should and some professional areas, it should not be a private or proprietery institution. If such a program exists and it is of fired in a private or proprietery first tool (by onliny, the first limit of the program should be thoroughly investigated. Even if the cost per stocket is even the program should be thoroughly investigated. Even if the cost per stocket is even by avoiding public expenditure on buildings and occipence.		p. First to approval of mey programe, particularly in westional-technical and semes professional areas, it should be ascertained as a seminar and a semin		p.	Prior to approval of now programs, particularly in oversional-recluciaci and early in a continual-recluciaci and experience professional areas, it should be ascertained of the continual and the control of the control		p. WO CHANCE G. const to student be commissioned.	
14.	Pro	ocedure for initiation of proposals for new	14.	NO CHANGE	(43)	The	following procedures should be used to initiate		5 NO CHANCE	

#3

proposals for new programs:

a. Normally, proposals for new programs should be initiated by the institutions. However, the governing board or its executive officer night, from time to time, identify a statu

need for a program and request one or more of the institutions to prepare proposals.

61

a. Normally, proposals for new programs will be initiated by the institutions. However, the governing board or its executive officer may, from time to time, identify a state need for a program and

request one or more of the institutions to prepare proposals, a. NO CHANGE

programs.

44

45. NO CHANGE

a. NO CHANCE

#1 b. Proposals should be forwarded from the institution to the governing board's

executive officer who should conduct

on independent analysis, using independent consultants when appropriate. If the

executive officer's recommendation is contrary to that of the institution, the institution should be notified and given

sufficient time to prepare a rebuttal or

14. (CONT'D)

b. NO CHANGE

(43) (CONT'D)

b. Proposals should be sent from the institution to the governing board's executive officer, who abould conduct an independent analysis, using independent consultants when appropriate. If the executive officer's recommendation is contrary to that of the institution, the institution should be notified and given sufficient time to prepare a rebuttal or to

withdraw its proposal.

43

c. The board should review all naterials sub-

84

b. NO CHANGE

c. NO CHANGE (DELETED)

to withdraw the proposal. The board should review all materials submitted by the institution and the executive officer prior to reaching a decision.

. 14. (GONT'D)

ADDED BY COMMISSION AT 6/6-7/74 MEETING

1. The primary mission of each institution of

public higher education should be the

There will continue to be a need for three

rypes of public institutions of higher

education.

(SEE NEXT PAGE)

education of undergraduate students.

c. DELETED

15. All materials should be open and accessible to the public.

(44) All materials used in program review should be open and accessible to the public.

"INSTITUTIONS AND THEIR HISSIONS")

INSTITUTIONS / INSTITUTIONAL MISSIONS 1. NO CHANGE

2. NO CHANGE

(67) The primary mission of each institution of public higher education should be the education of undergraduate students.

(68) Since a clear need for each exists, there should continue to be three types of public institutions of higher education:

(SEE NEXT PAGE)

mitted by the institution and the executive officer prior to reaching a decision.

46. NO CHANGE (other than numbering)

47. One intent of a workable review program should be to alleviate unnecessary duplication of courses and programs in all units of the public postsecondary system.

74. NO CHANCE

75. NO CHANCE

-12-

2. (CONT'D)

a. Community Callegas. These institutions provide the experituation for any extending to receive ten years of mendente conformation of the communities at a reduced cost to the experiment of the experiment of

61

- b. Public Four-Year Colleges. The state colleges provide collegate and some worst considered that the state of the state. This sector vill continue to serve a significant propertion of bootsmar sundergraduate students. However, this is undergraduate students. However, the state of the state students showever, the state of the state students are stated to the state of the state students. However, the state of the st
- Public Universities. The two public universities will continue to serve most of the undergraduate students in Montean higher education. They should remain the only two institutions with heavy research exphasis and authorized to offer advanced preducts and professional degrees. Migh cost professional institutions. The size of the universities enables then to provide a broad range of curricular options in a cost-effective way.

2. (CONT'D)

a. Community Golleges. These institutions grow-ide the opportunity for many students to receive two years of academic and/or vocational velocation in the community of the community of the limited to two-year programs, the community colleges commercia at a relatively low level of envillant without accessive costs or under overall deverage of higher deduction by providing a small college environment where students may be exposed to both acetesic and vocational.

62

b. NO CHANGE

c. NO CHANGE

(68) (CONT'D)

a. Community Colleges. These institutions provide the opportunity for many students to receive two years of academic and/or vocational education in an area close to their home communities at a reduced cost to the state. Because they are limited to two-year programs, the community colleges can operate at a relatively low level of enrollment without excessive costs or unduc constraints on student choice. They enhance the overall diversity of higher education by providing a small college environment where students may be exposed to both scademic and vocational programs.

83

- b. Public Four-Year Colleges. The state colleges provide collegists and some vocational-technical and pare-professional programs in relatively seal institutions. The concentrate thair services on specific areas of the state. This sector will continue to serve a significant proportion of Hontman's undergraduate students. However, this is also the sector with the sector will be settled to the sector with the s
- c. Public Universities. The two public universities will continue to serve most of the undergraduate students in Nontane higher education. They should remain the higher education. They should remain the emphasis and authority to offer advanced graduate and professional degrees. Centrally, high-cost professional agrees. The annual processional programs should be concentrated in these inactivations. The size of the universities of curricular or form economically.

75. (CONT'D)

a. NO CHANCE

b. NO CHANGE

c. Public Universities. The two public universities will continue to serve most of the undergraduate students in Mentana higher undergraduate students in Mentana higher students and the students of the serve that the serve that

- a. Role of the institution in maintaining and improving access to post-secondary education
- b. Present and potential size of the institution
 - (1) Must be large enough to assure students of an adequate range of programs and courses
 - (2) Must be large enough to utilize resources effectively
- . Needs of individuals and society for programs and services offered
- d. Capacities of other institutions to obsorb students and programs if
- 4. On the basis of these criteria, the Montana University System should make the following structural changes:
 - a. Western Montana College should be closed. There is no likelihood that this college can attract sufficient students to offer a diversified curriculum or operate at an efficient cost per student level. As birth rates diminish, the demand for primary and secondary teachers will continue to decline.

3. NO CHANCE

a. NO CHANCE

h no chance

(1) Must be large enough to assure students of a range of programs and courses of so adequate quality and with a diversified curriculum

#2

- (2) NO CHANCE
- c. NO CHANGE
- d. Whether other institutions have the capacity to absorb students and progress if necessary.
- 4. NO CHANCE
 - a. Western Montana College should be closed. There is no likelihood that this college can attract sufficient students to offer a diversified curriculum of adequate quality or operate at an efficient cost per student level. As birth rates diminish. the demand for primary and secondary teachers will continue to decline.

(74) These considerations should be utilized to determining the need for an institution of higher education:

- a. role of the institution in maintaining and improving access to postsecondary education.
- b, present and potential size of the institution.
 - (1) must be large enough to assure students of a range of programs and courses of an adequate quality and with a diversified
- (2) must be large enough to utilize resources effectively. c. needs of individuals and society for programs and services offered.
- d. whether other iostitutions have the capacity to absorb students and programs if necessary.
- (75) On the basis of the above considerations, the Montana University System should make the following structural changes.
 - a. Western Montana College should be closed.

80. NO CHANCE

a. NO CHANGE

b. NO CHANGE

(1) NO CHANGE

(2) NO CHANGE

C. NO CHANGE

- d. whether other institutions have the capacity to absorb students and programs if necessary with equal or less cost to the state and the student
- 81. On the basis of the above considerations, the Montana University System should make the following structural changes:
 - s. Western Montana College has reached a stage in enrollment deficiency and financial deficiency serious enough to warrant special attention by the Board of Regents of Higher Education. Therefore, the Regents should re-evaluate the institution's programs and re-assess its mission so that the most creative use of existing facilities can be achieved for Montana's total institutional needs. The Regents should closely monitor the enrollment and financial aspects of Western Montana College and consider closure, if that decision best serves the interest of the total University System,

-14-

4. (CONT'D)

b. Mostana Gollege of Rineral Science and Technology. Piper division and grandate approximational technologies are approximated program should be transitively expending a near power of the state Vocational-Technical Contert to form a community college. Technology is quiractly a lone of division isactivation as envolument reports demontance of the state of the state of the state of the program could oversite more efficiently at Bostana State Disversity and the students would have the advantage of a more diversish as equipocring, there should be only one program to the state.

4. (CONT'D)

b. Montana College of Mineral Schence and Technology. Upper division and graduate programs should be transferred to Montana State University. The college should be merged with the Butte Vocational-Technical Center to forms a community college.

Such an institution, inherently more innovative and adaptive than a traditional four-year college, would be more responsive to the needs and desires of the people of southwestern Montans.

Montana College of Mineral Science and Technology is primarily a lower division institution as enrollment reports demonstrate. The upper division and graduate programs and the students would have the advantage of a more diversified curriculum. In a high cost area, such as in the state ture should be only one program in the state.

(75) (CONT'D)

- These alternatives should be considered for Nontana College of Mineral Science and Technology;
 - (1) That it become a highly specialized, high quality technical institute related to the minerals industries and supporting disciplines. Concentration would be on present areas of quality. Louquality areas would be pare away.
 - (2) Similar to (1) but with the addition of programs to train weational teachers (although not to compete with similar programs at Northern Montana College).
 - (3) That it be converted into a branch campus of Nontana State University, Administrative costs would be reduced. Quality would be improved. Butte would retain programe through the four-year and perhaps Master's lavel. Unnecessary duplication would be eliminated and programs upgraded.
 - (4) That it be converted to a completely state supported twoyear institution for the lower divisiom,

81. (CONT'D)

DELETED
 1-4 DELETED

4. (COMT'D)

c. The Montana Bureau of Mines and Geology

Should remain in Butte, but be administratively attached to Montana State University.

d. Northern Nortians College may be very close to its minimas wishle enrollment. This unit has experienced enrollment decreases of about 33 percent over the last five years and has had to cut hack significantly on 5 percent believe the current level, the Engents should reavaluate the feasibility of coertunding to operate the college.

 Role and Scope of Each Institution of Public Higher Education

a. Eastern Montana College

- Offer undergraduate instruction in the liberal arts and sciences and in primary and secondary education; offer the associate degree to students completing two years of undergraduate instruction.
- (2) May develop additional majors in the arts and sciences but only as demonstrated needs develop.
- (3) Master's degree programs should be carefully controlled and should relate to the special needs and elfecteles of Billings and eastern Montana.

4. (CONT'D)

c. NO CHANGE

82

d. Northern Hontama College may be very close to its mintom viable corollment. This unit has experienced enrollment decreases of about 3) sectors over the last five years and has had to cut back significantly on staff. If enrollment should fall substantially belowant the feasibility of continuing to operate the college as presently constituted.

5. NO CHANGE

a. NO CHANGE

- Offer undergraduate instruction in the liberal arts and sciences and in <u>teacher</u> <u>training</u>; offer the associate degree.
- (2) May develop additional majors in the arts and sciences but only as desonstrated needs develop; the emphasis should be to provide services to practicing teachers.
- (3) Master's degree programs should be carefully controlled.

(75) (CONT'D)

c. If the mission of the Nontana College of Mineral Science and lechnology is substantially changed, the Montana Bureau of Mines and Geology should remain in Butte, but be administratively attached to the Montana State University.

d. If enrollment at Northern Montana College should fall substantially below the current level, the Regents should reevaluate the feasibility of continuing to operate the college as presently constituted.

(76) The role and scope of the remaining institutions of Public Higher Education should be as follows:

s. Esstern Montana College

- Should offer undergraduate instruction in the liberal arts and sciences and in teacher training; should offer the associate degree.
- May develop additional najors in the arts and sciences but only as demonstrated needs develop.
- (3) Should carefully control Master's degree programs; the emphasis should be to provide services to practicing teachers.

81. (CONT'D)

c. DELETED

44

b. If enrollment at Northern Mentana College falls substantially below the current level, the Regents should revaluate the feasibility of continuing to operate the college as presently constituted.

c. The Regents should explore the possibility of the acquisition of the College of Great Falls as a 7th unit of the University System to be a four-year college within the state System.

82. NO CHANGE

a. NO CHANGE

(1) NO CHANGE

(2) NO CHANGE

(3) NO CHANGE

-16-

5. (CONT'D)

(4) Should not offer the doctorate but may, through participation in conmay, through participation in con-sorth with the University of Mon-tans and/or Montana State Univer-sity, offer some courses and pro-grams leading to the doctorate. This option should be utilized only in areas of special strength (such as special education) when the need for a program can be demonstrated and when Eastern Montena College's participation will enable the state to avoid duplication of faculty and facilities.

01

b. Northern Montage College

- (1) Offer undergraduate programs in elementary, secondary and vocational education, and one and two-year programs in selective vocational and pre-professional fields; offer the associate degree to students com-pleting two years of undergraduate
- (2) Master's degree programs should be carefully controlled and should relate to the special needs and clienteles of the college's service area with emphasis upon providing services to practicing teachers.

S. (CONT'D)

(4) Should not offer the doctorate.

82

b. NO CHANCE

- (1) Offer baccalaureate programs in teacher training and vocational education, and one and two-year programs in selective vocational and preprofessional fields: offer the associate degree.
- (2) Master's degree programs should be limited to the special needs and clienteles of the college's service arem with emphasis upon providing services to practicing teachers.

(75) (COST'D)

82. (CONT'D)

(4) NO CHANGE

facilities. h. Northern Montana College

b. NO CRANCE (1) NO CHANCE

(1) Should offer baccalaureate programs in teacher training and vocational education, and one- and two-year programs in selective weestigned and preoffer the associate degree.

23

(4) Should not offer the doctorate

need for a program can be demonstrated and when Eastern Montana College's participation will enable the state to avoid duplication of faculty and

but may, through participation

in consortis with the University of Montana and/or Montana State University, offer some courses and programs leading to the doctorate. This option should be utilized only in areas of special strength (such as special education) when the

(2) NO CHANGE

(2) Naster's degree programs should be limited to the special needs and clienteles of the college's service area with emphasis upon providing services to practicing teachers.

	orr'	

e. Montana College of Mineral Science and Sechnology should be mersed with the Sutte Vocational-Technical (enter to form a community college with a mission similar to 'g' below. 5. (CONT'D)

c. Montana College of Mineral Science and Technology should be merged with the Burte Vocarional-Technical Center to form an areawide community college with a mission similar to 'g' below.

(76) (CONT'D)

me role and a of . . Montana College of Mineral Science and Technology will depend upon which of the alternatives described in 4b is adopted.

(ORIGINAL d. DELETED)

d. Montana State University

(1) Should offer a broad range of

undergraduate programs in the

teacher training, agriculture,

liberal arts and aciences,

engineering and selective

as the associate degree.

professional areas, as well

(2) Should provide graduate instruc-

(3) Should share with the University

tion, research and public service.

of Nontana exclusive authority in

public higher education to award

programs should be offered in a

limited number of carefully selected disciplines except for

such specialized programs which may be retained at Montana College of Mineral Science and Technology.

(4) Should have exclusive jurisdiction

(5) Ph.D. and Master's programs should

over four-year and graduate programs

in engineering, including the Ph.D.

emphasize the special character of

the land grant university and the

special needs of the state and region.

the doctorate. However, doctoral

specialized institution for instruction and research related to the minerals industries and supporting disciplines. (1) Emphasis in the non-technical, supporting disciplines should be in those areas of the social sciences and humanities which best complement the technical

Montana College of Mi cremes

and Techn. logy should remain a highly

- aspects of the institution's primary wission; political science (science and public policy), economics (minerals economics and the economics of technological development), and sociology (tech-nology and society). Instruction in 'such immanistic disciplines as English and History should be retained, as it is essential to any baccalaureate program, but the Regents should re-assess the efficiency of BA programs in those fields at Montana Tech.
- (2) Montana Bureau of Mines and Geology should remain in Butte to strengthen its educational programs while improving research capabilities of the Bureau.

A. NO CHANCE

a. (Cub.: P3

(1) NO CHANGE

(2) NO CHANCE

(3) NO CHANCE

(4) Should provide four-year and graduate programs in engineering and have exclusive jurisdiction over the Ph.D.

(5) NO CHANGE

- d. Western Montana College should be closed.
- e. Montana State University
 - (1) Offer a broad range of undergraduate programs in the liberal arts and sciences, primary and secondary education, agriculture, engineering and selective professional areas; offer the associate degree to students conpleting two years of undergraduate courses.
 - (2) Provide graduate instruction, research and nublic service. (3) Share with University of Montana ex-
 - clusive authority in public higher education to award the doctorate. However, doctoral programs should be offered in a limited ounber of care-
 - (4) Have exclusive jurisdiction over fouryear and graduate programs in engineerine Ph.D.
 - (5) Ph.D. and Mester's programs should relate to the special character of the land grant university and the oneds of the state and region.

- d. NO CHANGE
- e. NO CHANCE
 - (1) Offer a broad range of undergraduate programs in the liberal arts and sciences, teacher training, agricul-ture, engineering and selective pro-fessional areas. Offer the associate degree.
 - (2) NO CHANCE
 - (3) NO CRANCE
 - (4) Have exclusive jurisdiction over fouryear and graduate programs in engineering, including the Ph.D.
 - (5) Ph.D. and Master's programs should em-phasize the special character of the lsed grant university and the needs of the state and region.

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		#1				**2				F3		
5. (ONT	D)	5.	(CON	r'D)		(76)	(00	ent'd)		82.	(COMI,D)
		niversity of Montana		ſ.	90 C	HANGE		e.	Univ	versity of Montana		e. NO CHANCE
		 Offer a broad range of undergraduate programs in the liberal arts and sciences, primary and secondary edu- cation and selective professional areas; offer the associate degree to students completing two years of understandart courses. 			(1)	Offer a broad range of undergraduate programs in the liberal arts and sciences, teacher training and selective professional areas; offer the associate degree.			(1)	Should offer a broad range of undergraduate programs in the liberal arts and sciences, teacher training and selective professional areas, as well as the associate degree.		(1) NO CHANGE
	(Provide graduate instruction, research and public service.			(2)	NO CHANCE			(2)	Should provide graduate instruc- tion, research and public service.		(2) NO CHANGI
	•	3) Share with Montana State University exclusive authority in public higher education to award the doctorate. However, doctoral programs should be offered only in a limited number of carefully selected disciplines.			(3)	NO CHANGE			(3)	Should share with Montana State University exclusive authority in public higher education to award the doctorate. Bowever, doctoral progress should be offered only in a limited number of carefully selected distriptines.		(3) NO CHANGE
	-	 Ph.D. and Master's programs should relate to the special needs of the state and region. 			(4)	NO CRANGE			(4)	Fh.D. and Master's programs should relate to the special needs of the state and region.		(4) NO CHANCE
	-	 This should be the state's most com- prehensive institution of higher education. 			(5)	NO CHANGE			(5)	Should remain the state's most comprehensive institution of higher education.		(5) NO CHANGE
		owson College, Flathead Valley Community College and Miles Community College		8-	10 C	HANGE		f,		son College, Flathend Valley Community lege and Miles Community College		f. NO CHANGE
	(Offer instruction through the second year of college. 			(1)	NO CHANCE			(1)	Should offer instruction through the second year of college.		(1) NO CHANGE
	(Programs may include collegiate courses for transfer to four-year institutions; instruction in woostional and technical courses leading to employment; general or liberal arts courses, and community services. 			(2)	Programs may include collegiate courses for tremsfer to four-year institutions; instruction in weatfound and technical courses leading to employment; general or liberal arts courses, and a <u>particular</u> concern for community and area services.			(2)	Programs may include collegiate courses for transfer to four-year institutions; instruction may be not contained and technical courses leading to employment; general or liberal arts courses, and a perticular concern for community and area services.		(2) NO CHANGE

5.g. (CONT'D)

page IV-13

(3) Grant the Associate Degree in Arts and Sciences and certificates in technical and vocational fields.

6. Role and Scope of Vocational-Technical Centers 6. NO CHANGE

- a. The missions of the centers cannot be meaningfully defined in torus of levels of degrees or certificates. It is essential that their roles remain flexible to adjust to changing educational, labor and employment needs of the state and its communities. Howover, the centers should continue to develop specific areas of emphasis upon programs in related areas.
- b. The centers should be viewed as components of a system with each unit specializing in certain fields and with minimum program duplication among the centers.
- c. No changes in the missions of the wocational centers are recommended at the present time, except that the Butte Center should be merged with Montana College of Mineral Science and Technology to form a community college.
- d. There is no need in the present, or in the foreseeable future, for additional public
- 7. The units of public post-secondary education should maintain their present admissions policies except as recommended in other sections of this report.*

*See Recommendation #1. Discussion Session #4

5.e (CONT'D)

(3) NO CHANGE

a. The missions of the centers cannot be meaningfully defined in terms of levels of degrees or certificates. It is essential that their roles remain flexible to adjust to changing educational, labor and employment needs of the state and its communities.

62

- The centers should be viewed as components of a system with each unit specializing in certain fields and with no unnecessary program duplication among the centers.
- c. NO CHANGE
 - d. (MOVED TO END OF SECTION BY COMMISSION AT JUNE 6/7 NEETING)
- 7. NO CHANGE (except for numbers in footnote reference)

(76) (contrin)

f. (CONT'D)

(3) Should grant the Associate Denree in Arts and Science and certificates in technical and vocational fields.

(69) The wocational-technical centers cannot be meaningfully defined in terms of levels of degrees or certificates. Essentially, their roles should remain flexible in order to adjust to changing educational, labor and employment needs of the state and its communities.

63

- (70) The centers should be viewed as components of a system with each unit specializing in certain fields and with no unnecessary program duplication among the centers.
- (71) No changes in the missions of the vocationaltechnical centers should be made at present.

(72) The units of public postsecondary education should maintain their present admissions policies except as recommended in other sections of this report.*

*See recommendation #1. Chapter III. Educational Policies

82. (CONT'D)

t. (COST'D)

(3) NO CHANGE

76. The role of the wocational-technical centers should remain flexible in order to adjust to changing educational, labor and employment needs of the state and its communities.

24

77. NO CHANGE (Other than numbering)

71. DELETED

78. NO CHANGE (Other than numbering)

- When a unit of poat-secondary education is closed, the state should find an alternative use for the physical plant.
- 9. When a unit of post-accordary education is closed or when a program is terminated or transferred to another unit, students who the control of the control of the control of the should receive full credit for previous work. They should be able to complete their degrees in the same amount of time that would have been required had they completed their work previously enrolled.
- When a program is transferred from one institution to another, faculty should normally he given the opportunity to transfer.
- 11. (MOVED FROM 6,d BY COMMISSION AT JUNE 6/7 MEETING)

- When a unit of post-secondary education is closed, the state should <u>attempt</u> to find an alternative use for the physical plant.
 - When a unit of post-secondary education is closed or when a progress is terminated or transferred to sanother unit, remarker to sanother unit, and the contemporary of the contemporary of
- When a program is transferred from one inatitution to another, faculty should normally be given the opportunity to transfer to a like institution, if possible.
- 11. There is no need in the present, or in the foresceable future, for additional public vocational-technical centers, community colleges or units of the university system. (MOVED FROM

GOVERNANCE

The vocational-technical centers should become 1. There are four positions on recommendation \$1:
 a state system, similar in attructure to the
 Entwentity System, under the Board of Public (SEE MEXT PAGE)

- 63
- (77) When a unit of postsecondary education is closed, the state should attempt to find and alternative use for the physical plant.
- (78) When a unit of postescendary advanction is closed or when a program is terminated or trendferred to another the continuous and the continuous about the continuous about the continuous about the continuous work. There is the continuous work of the continuous about the continuous work. There is the continuous work of the continuous work of the continuous work of the continuous work which we would be continuous work of the continu
- (79) When a program is transferred from one institution to another, faculty should normally be given the opportunity to transfer.
- (73) There should be no need in the present, or in the foreseeable future, for additional public postascondary institutions in Montana.

Education.

- 4
- If a unit of postsecondary education is closed, the state should attempt to find an alternate use for the physical plant.
- 85. If a unit of postsecondary education in closed or if a progress is terminated or trenderized to another unit, students who are dislocated for the progress of the control of the control full credit by the scoeping institution for previous work. They should be able to complete their degrees in the seems amount of time plated their degrees in the seems amount of time plated their work at the institution in which they had previously enrolled.
- 86. If a program is transferred from one institution to another, faculty should normally be given the opportunity to transfer.
- 73. DELETED

- (25) The worstional-technical centers should continue as a cooperative local-series system under the supervision of fice state Board of Education with administrative control by the Board of Phylic:

 125. The worstional-technical centers should continue as a cooperative local-state system. Board of Phylic Education with administrative control by the Board of Phylic:

 126. The worstional-technical centers should continue as a cooperative local-state system. Board of Phylic Education should be designed as the board for worstinual clusterium.
- -21-

1. (CONTID)

- ē1 a. All employees of the centers should become employees of the State of Montana
- b. local cax support should be eliminated and replaced by state funds.
- c. The local school boards should be eliminated from the governance structure.
- d. The state should assume responsibility for all indebtedness of the centers.
- e. The Board of Public Education in consultation with the Superintendent of Public Instruction and the center directors, should develop a policy manual for the vocational-technical centers. The policy manual should specify standard procedures for administration of the centers, including:
 - (1) program development, approval and review
 - (2) responsibilities of the Superintendent of Public Instruction as executive
 - (3) responsibilities of center directors
 - (4) personnel policies
 - (5) policies regarding purchase or lesse of land or facilities, including capital improvement projects

1. (CONT'D)

- 1. Leave staff recommendation as it is.
- One group wants the centers to retain their present system of governance-state and local. Opposed all of F1 except 1 (e).
- Centers should become a state system under the control of the Board of Regents. Section 1 (c), create a local advisory board to each center much like the executive the state of the system of the sys board to each center much like the executive boards of the university units. The group usual also samed Section 1 (e2) and recommendation \$5 to read Board of Regents or the Commissioner of Higher Education.
- Centers should be combined to form a state Centers should be combined to form a state system under the soministration of a committee composed of members of the Board of Regents and the Board of Fublic Education with a coordinator of the centers appointed by the committee or the Commissioner of Higher Education.

(25) (CONT'D)

(DRIGINAL a. DELETED)

a. Present local tax support should continue in addition to state and federal funding.

- Administrative control by the local board of trustees should continue with state control of programming in order to be more responsive to the needs of Montanans.
- c. An equitable method of financing construction of facilities for the centers should be developed.
- d. The Board of Public Education, in consultation with the Superintendent of Public Instruction and the certer directors, should develop a policy menual for the vocationaltechnical centers. The policy manual should specify standard procedures for administration of the centers, including:
 - (1) program development, approval and review.
 - (2) responsibilities of the Superintendent of Public Instruction as executive officer.
 - (3) responsibilities of center directors.
 - (4) personnel policies.
 - (5) policies regarding purchase or lease of land or facilities, including capital improvement projects.

HA CONT'AL

a. NO CHANGE

- b. Administrative coordination by the local board of trustees should continue with state contro to the needs of Hontsmans.
- c. MC CHANGE
- d. The Board of Fublic Education, in consultation with the Executive Officer and the center directors, should develop a policy manual for vocational-technical centers. The policy manual should specify standard procedures for admin-
 - (1) NO CHANGE
 - (2) responsibilities of the executive officer.
 - (2) NO CHANGE

. •	(CONT'D)		1.e	(CONT'D)
	(6)	policies regarding the appoint- ment of advisory committees to the centers		
	(7)	admissions		
	(8)	accreditation		
	(9)	budgeting procedures		
	(10)	student services, including placement		
	(11)	student charges		
	(12)	policies to be left to the dis- cretion of the center adminis- trators		
	(13)	other matters which the Board may deem necessary to assure standard and equitable procedures in the governance and adminis- tration of the centers.		
	(14)	periodic review of all of the above		
	definition is estable should as all matter internal :	h time as a definitive legal not the powers of the Regents ished by the courts, the Regents sume exclusive authority over so of internal governance including allocations of funds and establishment remains the of inverse and remains the of inverses and remains the office of inverses and the original contracts a	2.	The groups wanted to delet Their recommendation would The Regents should assume over all matters of inter- cluding internal allocation

lishment and termination of programs and

units.

 Two groups wanted to delete the opening phrase. That recommendation would read:
 The Respect should assume exclusive authority year all mattern of internal governance inlusing internal allocations of funds and establishment and termination of programs and matts. d. (CONT'D) (6) NO CHANGE (6) policies regarding the appointment of advisory committees to the centers. (7) NO CHANGE (7) admissions. /8: NO CHANGE (8) accreditation. (9) NO CHANGE (9) budgeting procedures. (10) NO CHANCE (10) student services, including placement. (11) student charges. (11) NO CHANCE (12) policies to be left to the discretion (12) NO CHANGE of the center administrators. (13) other matters which the Board may deer necessary to assure standard and equit-able procedures in the governance and (13) NO CHANGE administration of the centers. (14) periodic review of all of the above. (14) NO CHANGE

25. (CONT'D)

22. NO CHANCE

#3

(22) The Regents should assume exclusive authority

The hegents should assume because a conover all matters of internal governance of the University System including internal allocations of funds and establishment and termination of programs and units.

(25) (CONT'D)

- Punds for the University System should be appropriated directly to the Board of Regents.
- 4. The Board of Repents should adopt a policy of (a) full public disclosure of information relevant to the conduct of university affairs except where the rights of individuals to privacy may be involved; (b) cooperation with appropriate state agencies in postaudits of expenditures, personnel actions, purchases and examination of effective use of resources.
- 5. The Superintendent of Public Instruction should appoint a Full-time Research @ Coordinator of Vocational-Technical Centers reporting directly to the Superintendent. The Executive Coordinator should be primarily responsible for day-to-day administration and policy development for post-secondary vocational-technical education at the state level.
- In order to attract the most qualified persons to the position of Commissioner of Higher Education, compensation and fringe benefits should be at least equal to that of the beat compensated unit president.
- The Commissioner of Higher Education and the Superintendent of Public Instruction should be provided with the staff necessary to fulfill their responsibilities in postsecondary education.

 Funds for the University System should be appropriated directly to the Board of Regents to administer.

4. The board of Regents should adopt a policy of (a) full public disclosure of information relevant to the conduct of university affairs except where the rights of individuals of privacy may be involved — unless the state of need to know is greater; (b) cooperation with appropriate state agencies in postwalits of and examination of effective use of resources.

5. Two groups wanted the committee (composed of members of the Board of Regents and the Board of Fabilic Education) or the Commissioner of Higher Education to appoint the Executive Coordinator.

. If "fringe benefits" means a house and car, some of the groups oppose this recommendation.

7. NO CHANGE

(23) State funds for the University System should be appropriated directly to the Board of Recents.

(24) The Board of Regents abould adopt a palicy of (a) full public disclosure of information relevant to the conduct of university affairs except where the beinvolved, (b) cooperation with appropriate state agencies in postudits of expenditures, personnel and is of expenditures, personnel of effective use of resources.

(26) The Superintendent of Public Instruction, subject to the approval of the Board of Public Education, should appear a full-time Ensemity Coordinator of Wootlood, and the State Board of Vootlood, and the State Board for Vootlood-Heducation. The Executive Coordinator should be reasonable primarily for days-to-day administration and policy devaluations.

(27) In order to attract the most qualified persons to the position of Commissioner of Higher Education, compensation and fringe benefits should be, at least, equal to that of the best compensated unit president.

(2B) The Commissioner of Higher Education and the Superintendent of Public Instruction should be provided with the staff necessary to fulfill their responsibilities in postsecondary education. 23. NO CHANGE

64

24. NO CHANGE

26. The Board of Public Education should employ from mong qualified applicants the executive officer for vocational education. The executive officer should employ an administrative staff.

27. NO CHANGE

 The Commissioner of Higher Education should be provided with the staff necessary to fulfill his responsibilities in postsecondary education.

- 8. The Commissioner of Higher Education, unit presidence of the University System, and directors of vocational-technical centers, should be appointed for four year terms. Their respective boards should conduct a thorough evaluation of those chief ex
 - thorough evaluation of those chief executive officers which includes consultatation with faculty, students, staff and community persons, prior to deciding whether than the control of the consultant of the control of the conyears but may take place at any time the beard deem it necessary. Four years should be a normal period of appointment and should not preclude dismissal of a system or unit chief executive after a shower term of
- System and campus chief executives should
 develop criteria and procedures for periodic
 evaluation of their professional administrative staffs.
- 10. The Board of Repeats and the Board of Public Education abound conduct a comprehentive review of the arrangements for powernance of the post-encodary institutions under their jurisdiction at least once every five years. Stoodents, faculty and administrators should participate in the review. The boards should also utilize consultants from controls
- The governor should appoint a non-partisan committee of distinguished cirizens, including none members of the State Board of Iducation to provide him with a list of qualified cirizens for his consideration in appointing members of the Boards of Regents and Public Education.

- 8 NO CHANCE
- . NO CHANGE

- 10. NO CHANGE
- 11. NO CHANGE
- 11. NO CHANGE

- 13
- (39) The Communitation of Higher Education, under presidents of the University System, and directors of worstreamly System, and directors of worstreamly the Communitation of the
- (30) System and campus chief executives should develop criteria and procedures for periodic evaluation of their professional administrative staffs.

shorter term.

(31) The Board of Regents and the Board of Public Education should conduct a comprehensive review of the arrangements for powermace of the postsecondary ments for powermace of the postsecondary cleant once every five years. Students, faculty and administrators should participate in the review. The boards should also use consultants from out-

- 29. NO CHANGE
- .

 - 30. NO CHANGE
 - 31. NO CHANGE

12. The Board of Regents and the Board of Public 12. NO CRANGE
- Education should schedule at least one
specing each year devoted to an examination

of major issues in post-secondary education nationally and in Montana. This should be a seminar meeting with no business on the agenda. It should utilize experts from Montana and elsewhere to make presentations on subjects and treads of importance.

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13. Each board should incorporate as a regular feature of its meeting a consultation period for discussion of a current issue or problem in education which is not necessarily related to the business items on the agendar. The consultation might consultation might or an invited consultant with opportunity for questions and discussions. ANNUE (12) DELETED

(12) DELETE

32. REINSTATED AS IN COLUMN #1

(13) DELETED

33. REINSTATED AS IN COLUMN #1

EDUCATIONAL POLICIES

#2

- Opportunities to achieve the baccalaureate 1.
 degree in less than four years should be
 increased.
- a) The hoard of Regents, the Board of Public Whoartion, the Superintendent of Public Instruction and the Comnissioner of Higher Education, should cooperate to insure that the opportunity for qualified high school students to earn college credits are promoted on a catevide basts. These opportunities should include (but not be linited to)

(SEE NEXT PAGE)

NO CHANGE
 (2) Opportunities to achieve the baccelaureate
 degree in less than four years should be

a) NO CHANGE

13. NO CHANGE

degree in less than lour years amould be increased.

a. The Board of Regents, the Board of Public Education, the Superintendent of Public

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a. The modern of regents, the source of Públic Education, the Superintendent of Public Instruction and the Commissioner of Higher Education, should experse to the public of the Public of the Public of the high achool students to earn college credits is promoted on a statewide basis. These opportunities should include (but not be listed to):

(SEE NEXT PAGE)

 Initial access to opportunity for achieving the baccalaureate degree in less than four years should be increased.

a. NO CHANGE

ěπ (2) (CONT'D) Z. (coerin) a. (CONT'D) 1.a) (CONT'D) a. (cox**p) 1.a) (CONT'D) (1) Advanced placement. This is a program (1) NO CHANGE (1) Advanced placement. This is a program (1) NO CHANGE administered by the Educational Testing administered by the Educational Testing Service designed to prepare high school Service designed to prepare high school students for advanced courses when they students for advanced courses when they enter college. Students who qualify should be given credits and he excused from required freshman courses,

> to enroll concurrently in high schools and colleges and to complete and receive college credit for courses prior to high school graduation. (3) Testing. Where appropriate, students in high school and college should be (3) Testing. Where appropriate, students in high school and college should be encouraged to earn college credit through encouraged to earn college credit through the College Level Examination Program the College Level Examination Program

(2) NO CRANCE

(5) NO CHANGE

(CLEP) and through challenge examinations (CLEP) and through challenge examina-Once admitted to college, students should tions. Once admitted to college. be allowed to challenge any course by exstudents should be allowed to challenge amination and as many courses as they as many courses by examination as they choose. The level of achievement required choose. The level of schievement reand subsequent grade should be identical to that required of or awarded to students be the same as that for students who who actually take the course. actually take the course.

(4) Early admissions. Some students who are (4) Early admissions. Some students who are academically advanced should be admitted scadewically advanced should be admirred to college before completing high school. to college before completing high school.

> (5) College courses at the high school. Some bigh school teachers are qualified, and others should be provided training, to offer freshman level courses to high school seniors. This would require conneration between high schools, colleges and universities, and accrediting associations.

(2) College courses. Qualified high school

juniors and seniors should be allowed

(4) Early Admissions. Students who are advanced scadesically should be allowed to enroll in college before completing bigh school.

(2) NO CHANGE

(3) NO CHANGE

(5) College courses at the high school. Some high school teachers are qualified, and others should be provided training, to offer freshmen level courses to high school seniors and any other potential college students. This would require cooperation between high schools, colleges and universities, and accrediting

enter college. Students who qualify should be given credits, as well as being excused from required freshman courses.

(2) College courses. High school juniors and senfors who are qualified should be allowed to enroll concurrently in high schools and colleges and to complete and receive college credit for courses prior to high school graduation.

(3) Testing. Students in high school and college should be encouraged to carn college credit through the College Level Exemination Program (CLEP) and through challenge exeminations. Once admitted to college, students should be allowed to challenge may course by examination and as many courses as they choose. The level of achievement required should be identical to that required of students who actually take the course.

(4) Early admissions. Some students who are scademically advanced, should be admitted to college after the junior year of high school.

(5) College courses at the high school-Some bigh school teachers are qualified, and others could be provided training, to offer freshman level courses to students in the segior year of high school. This would require conserative efforts of high schools, colleges and universities and accrediting associations.

-27-

b) The Regents and the Commissioner of Higher Education should encourage and seek to provide incentives for experimentation with restructuring of baccalaureate programs from four to three years without requiring course overloads and/or swimer session attendance.

#1

1. (CONT'D)

- If three-year baccalaurestes are developed, they should be available as options to students.
- (2) Time-shortened degrees should not be achieved at the cost of limiting student opportunities for learning outside the major field.
- (3) The results of experimentation with the three year bachelor degree, should be risprously evaluated to insure that standards of quality and student performance are maintained at a level equal to the traditional program.
- 2. The State Board of Education should immediately establish a permanent committee on relations between secondary and post-secondary school for the secondary and post-secondary of secondary and secondary secondary of secondary secondary of secondary secondary secondary secondary secondary education and to provide a forom for discussion of other issues, problems, and ideas that overlap the

1. (GONT'D)

b) The Regents and the Commissioner of Higher Education should encourage and seek to provide incentives for experimentation with restructuring of baccalsureate programs from four to fewer years without requiring course overloads and/or summer session

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- if time-shortened baccalaureates are developed, they should be available as ontions to students.
- (2) DELETED
- (3) The results of experimentation with the time-shortened backelor degree should be rigorously evaluated to insure that atomated of quality and student performance are maintained at a level equal to the traditional program.
- 2. NO CHANGE

#3

(2) (GUNT'D) 2. (CONT'D)

- b. The Regents and the Commissioner of Higher Education should encourage and seek to provide incentives for experimentation with restructuring of baccalaureste programs from four to fewer years without requiring course overloads and/or summer session attendance.
 - (1) If time-shortened baccalaureates are developed, they should be available as options to students,

(ORIGINAL (2) DELETED)

- (2) The results of experimentation with the time-hortrend backelor degree should be rigorously evaluated to insure that standards of quality and student performance are maintained to the standards of the standards of the standards of the standards only over the standards of the
- (5) The State Board of Education should Immediate by establish a permannet committee on relations between accordary and postercondery reducation. The committee should include mashers of the Board of Public Discustion and the beard of the Committee of the Committee of the Committee of the lation between accordary and postancementy advantage and provide a forum for discussion of other overlapping insues, problems and

2. (CONT'D) b. NO GHANCE

5. NO CRANCE

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(1) NO CHANGE

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- 3. There should be continuous, informal and voluntary itaison between the staffs of the Superintendent of Public Instruction and the Commissioner of Higher Education. From time to time there should be joint studies of issues of mutual concern.
- The approval of the Board of Regents should be required for
 - a) Any increase in the number of credits or courses required for graduation by a unit of the University System.
 - b) Any increase in the number of credits or courses in specific subject areas required for graduation by any college, department or other subdivision of a unit of the University System.
- A degree or certificate should be available to students at least every two years in their educational carcers. All units of the University System should offer the Associate Degree to any student who completes two years of undegraduate work.
- The following steps should be taken to improve coordination and articulation within the university system and post-accordary education.
 - a) Credit received for collegiste level work free say state university, college or community college will be considered to the college will be statistiction. When subject nation is similar to that offered in the innitiation and department receiving the college of the college of the college has been equal to that denumeded of students in the receiving department and innitiation, the credits shall be applicable to the requirement for

 There should be continuous limited between the staffs of the Superintendent of Public Instruction and the Commissioner of Higher Education. From time to time there should be joint studies of issues of mutual, concern.

- 4. NO CHANGE
 - a) Any change in the number of credit hours, credits or courses required for graduation by a unit of the University System.
 - Any change in the number of credit hours, credits or courses in specific subject areas required for graduation by any college, department or other subdivision of a unit of the University System.
- All units of the University System should offer the Associate Degree.
- 6. NO CHANCE
 - a) The Board of Regents and the Commissioner of Higher Education should do all possible to assure the maximum transferability of credits between the units of the university system and the companity colleges.

(6) There should be continuous lisison between the staffs of the Superintendent of Public Instruction and the Coemissioner of Higher Education. From time to time there should be joint studies of issues of mutual concern.

- (3) The approval of the Board of Regents should be required for:
 - any change in the number of credit hours, credits or courses required for graduation by a unit of the University System;
 - any change in the number of credit hours, credits or courses in speciffs subject areas required for graduation by any college, department or other subdivision of a University System unit.

(FOR ASSOCIATE DEGREE, SEE ROLE AND SCOPE FOR EACH UNIT.)

- (7) The following steps should be taken to improve coordination and articulation within the University System and postsecodary education.
 - a. The Board of Regents and the Commissioner of Higher Education should do all that is possible to assure the maximum transferability of credits among the units of the University System and the community colleges.

 There should be continuous liaison between the staffs of the Superintendent of Public Instruction and the Commissioner of Higher Education. There should be joint studies of issues of smutual consern.

- 3. NO CHANGE
 - a. any change in the number of credit hours or courses required for graduation by a unit to the University System.
 - b. smy change in the number of credit hours or courses in specific subject areas required for graduation by any college, department or other subdivision of a University System unit.
- 7. NO CHANGE
 - a. NO CHANGE

#1	#2	#3	84
			7 (country

6.	(CONT'B)	6.	(CONT'D)	(7)	(CONT'D) 7.	(0	ONT'D)
	a) (cont'd)		a) (cont'd)		a. (CONT'D)	a,	(CONT'D)
	(1) Each institution should escablish an appeal pro- cess for students whose credits are not accepted		(1) NO CHANGE		 Each institution should estab- lish an appeal process for students whose credits are not accepted or are not applied to 		(1) NO CR

- credits are not accepted their major. or are not applied to their major. (2) After the institutional appeal process has been exhausted. (2) After the institutional (2) NO CHANGE there should be a procedure for appeal to the Board of appeal process has been exhausted, there should be a procedure for ap-Resents on issues involving acceptance of credits. peal to the Board of
- volving acceptance of credits. b. to determining transferability of b) In determining transferability of credits b) NO CHANCE credits and courses, postsecondary and courses, post-secondary educational educational programs should be evaluated on their own merits, regardless of the type of instituown merits, regardless of the type of institution (or its form of governmence) offering then.

Regents on issues in-

transferring.

- c) Opportunities for concurrent enrollment c) Opportunities for concurrent enrollment io the University System and the vocain the University System and the vocational-technical centers should be made tional-rechnical centers should be made easily available and encouraged. easily available. d) Insofar as space and other considerations d) NO CHANCE encouraged.
 - allow, the full instructional resources d. Insofar as space and other consideraof the University System should be made tions allow, the full instructional resources of the University System available to all students at all compuses. Concurrent registration at two units withshould be made available to all out floancial penalty should be permitted. Additionally, students should be permitted to attend another unit for periods of students at all campuses. Concurrent registration at two units without financial penalty should be permitted. one quarter at a time without officially Additionally, students should be permitted to attend another unit for a

BANGE

c. NO CHANGE

- (2) NO CHANGE
- b. NO CHANGE tion (or its form of governance) in
- c. Opportunities for concurrent enrollment in the University System and the vorational-technical centers should be made easily available and

which the credits were earned.

d. Insofar as space and other considerations allow, the full instructional resources of the University System should be made available to all students at all campuses. Concurrent registration at two units should be permitted without financial penalty. Additionally, students should be permitted to attend period of one quarter or more without another unit for a period of one officially transferring. quarter or more without officially transferrise.

-30-

6. (CONT'O)

cooperation.

e) The Commissioner of Higher Education should sponsor an armual conference on articulation in which faculty from the departments of the university system units near with their counterparts to discuss issues of student and program articulation and interinstitutional

01

- 1) A common system of course numbering should be developed within the Miversity System and community colleges. The purpose of this system is not no enforce uniforative and approximately and a similar those course which actually are similar, thereby facilitating frameferability from one compute to morther. Ouveloging and updaring this system should be a function of the conference on articulation recommended above (with the text).
- g) All usits of the University System and the community colleges should operate on the quarter system except when valid educational considerations merit an exception or when an exception is granted for purposes of experimentation. The Regents should approve all exceptions.

6. (CONT'D)

e) NO CHANGE

e) The Commissioner of Higher Education should sponsor an annual conference on articulation in which faculty from the department of the university system units and the community colleges meet with their counterparts to discuss issues of student and progress articulation and interinstitutional cooperation.

02

1) Se for a practicable, a common system of course mushering and credit allocations should be developed within the University System and community colleges. The purpose of this system is not to enforce uniformity in courses and content, but to enforce uniformity in courses and content, but to are similar, thereby facilitating transferability from one compuse to momber. Developing and updating this system should be a function of the conference on articulation recommended above (with the assistance of the vegistation of the (7) (CONT'O)

e. The Commissioner of Higher Education should appropria an amual conference and the Education of the University System units and the Community colleges need with their counterparts to discuss issues of student and program articulation and interinstitutional congeration.

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f. So far as practicable, a common system of course numbering and credit allocations should be developed within the University System and community colleges. The purpose of this system is not to enforce uniformity in courses and content, but to identify similar courses, thereby facilitating transferability from one campus to another. Ocveloping and updating this system should be a function of the conference on articulation recommended above (with the assistance of the registrars and the directors of admissions of the units). Private colleges should be encouraged to participate.

g. All units of the University System and the community colleges should operate on a uniform academic calendar except when walled educational considerations merit an exception or when an exception is granted for purposes of experimenta-

tion. The Regents should approve all

exceptions.

7. (CONT'D)

e. NO CHANGE

f. NO CHANGE

g. NO CHANGE

- 7. The estee planning agency for post-secondary collection should publish an unand convergence where the post of post-secondary collection should be collected by the collection of the colle
- 3. The state post-secondary education planning agency whall collect and/or conduct scules of projected amsower supply and demand in cooperation with appropriate state agencies, and disserinate the results of such studies amoually to institutions of secondary other amounts of the secondary of the secondary of the information have upon which student their contents of the secondary of the information have upon which student their contents of the secondary of th
 - a) The agency should produce an annual projection of the need for teachers at the pre-prisary and primary, secondary levels, including county by county short and long-range projections by level and subject area.

7. The state planning spaner for post-secondary school pairlin an usual convertee-school pairlin an usual convertee-school pairlin an usual convertee-school pairlin school pairlin sch

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- 8. NO CHANGE
 - a) The agency should produce an onoual projection of the need for teachers at all levele, including county by county short and long-range projections by level and subject area.

#3

- (8) The state planning agrocy for postsecondary education should oublish an annual comprehensive inventory of postsecondary education opportunities beyond the high school. It should include all programs offered in public. private and proprietary postsecondary education, procedures for admission to all programs and institutions, information on all forms of financial assistance available to students and procedures for applying for financial assistance. The inventory should be distributed to all persons responsible for counseling and advising potential students regarding postsecondary education. A condeoged inventory should be available to all interested persons.
- (9) The state postsecondary education planning approxy should collect and/or supply and demand to coperation with approxytate cates agancies, as studies and postsecondary admancian in order and postsecondary admancian in order and postsecondary admancian in order which student choices are made. In particular, the agency should project the control of the control of the control particular, the agency should project the control of the control of the control particular, the pages years of the control particular, the pages years of the particular control of the control of the control of the particular control of the control of the control of the particular control of the control of the control of the particular control of the control of the control of the particular control of the control of the control of the particular control of the control of the control of the particular control of the control of the control of the control of the particular control of the control of the control of the control of the particular control of the control of the control of the control of the particular con
 - a. (INCORPORATED WITH ABOVE PARAGRAPH)

9. The State Board of Education, setting as the state plunding sensor for postsecendary dividential, which will provide the sensor plunding sensor for postsecendary setting sensor s

postsecondary education. A condensed inventory should

be available to all interested persons.

9. The State Board of Education, acting as the state postscending-described planning agency, should protected the state of the state

9. The Superintendent of Public Instruction and the Commissioner of Higher Education should sponsor an annual workshop of high school counsellors throughout the state. The purpose of the workshop is to provide the counsellors with current information on post-secondary education programs, procedures for admission, student costs, financial assistance available from federal, state, private and institutional sources and procedures for applying.

10. Each public university and college should

strengthening undergraduate education,

including (but not limited to):

establish a committee of faculty, students

a) Organization of a regular campus program Organization of a regular campus program on teaching, coordinated by an institute, supported out of the general badget and sustained by the faculty thereatives. The purpose of such institutes would be coystematically focus attention and emergics on pedagogical issues, primarily through directly observing and discussing

examples and models of teaching, rether than through theoretical lectures or second-hand accounts of teaching.

and administrators to consider methods of

#2

We strongly recommend that the Superintendent of Public Instruction and the Commissioner of Higher Education sponsor an annual workshop for secondary and post-secondary counsellors throughout the state. The purpose of the workshop is to provide the counsellors with current information on post-secondary education programs, procedures for admission, student costs, finencial assistance available from federal, state, private and institutional sources and procedures for applying. We strongly recommend that the Superintendent of Public Instruction and the Commissioner of Higher Education conduct a study into post-secondary and secondary commelling in the State of Montana.

(10) The Superintendent of Public Instruction and the Commissioner of Higher Education should sponsor an annual workshop for secondary and postsecondary counselors throughout the state. The purpose of the workshop would be to provide the counselors with current information on postsecondary education programs, procedures for admission, atudent costs, financial assistance available from federal, state, private and institutional sources and procedures for applying.

(11) (FORMERLY a.) A report oo the actions of

the state postsecoodary planning agency (mentioned above) should be presented at 10. NO CHANGE

10. Each public university and college should be encouraged to establish a committee of faculty, atudents and administrators to consider methods

this workshop. The Superintendent of Public Instruction and the Commissioner of Higher Education should conduct a study into secondary and postsecondary counseling in the state.

11. NO CHANGE

Each public university and college should be encouraged to establish a committee of faculty, students and administrators to consider methods of strengthening undergraduate education including (but not be limited to): a. organization of a regular campus

program on teaching

a. NO CHANCE

4. Each public university and college should establish

education including, (but not be limited to):

a committee of faculty, students and administrators

to consider methods of strengthening undergraducte

of strengthening undergraduate education a) Organization of a regular campus program on teaching.

including (but not limited to):

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	61		#2			13			#4
10.	(CONT'D)	10.	(CONT*D)	(4)	(CONT'D)	4.	(co	NT'D)
ь	Improvement of methods of evaluating teaching, particularly upon develop- ment of non-punitive evaluation de- signed to assist faculty members to improve teaching.		b) NO CHANGE		b	 improvement of methods of evalua- ting teaching and development of non-punitive evaluation designed to assist faculty members to improve teaching 		ь.	NO CRANGE
c	 Application of the new knowledge developed about the learning pro- cess and of the insights of de- velopmental psychology to higher education. 		c) Application of the new knowledge developed about the learning process as it relates to higher education.		e.	 application of new knowledge about the learning process as it relates to higher education 		с.	NO CHANCE
d	 Development of interdisciplinary, theme and problem-oriented pro- grams and courses. 		d) NO CHANGE		d.	development of interdisciplinary theme and problem-oriented programs and courses		d.	NO CHANCE
e	 Development of systems for recog- nizing and rewarding excellence in undergraduate teaching. 		e) NO CHANGE		e.	development of systems for recognizing and rewarding excellence in under- graduate teaching		e.	NO CHANGE
f	Experimentation with new methods of evaluation of student performance, including non-punitive grading and separation of teaching from evaluation.		Experimentation with new methods of evalu- tion of student performance.		f.	experimentation with new method of evaluation of student performance		f.	NO CHANCE
8	 Reevaluation of the lecture method as the dominant educational mode in higher education. 		g) NO CHANGE		8-	reevaluation of the lecture method as the dominant instructional mode in higher education		- 8	NO CHANGE
ь) Student and peer evaluation of teaching.		h) NO CHANGE		h.	student and peer evaluation of teaching		h	evaluation of teaching by students and peers
1) Opportunities for students to gain community service and work experience as part of their education and for credit.		1) NO CRANCE	-34	í.	opportunities for atudents to gain community service and work experi- ence as part of their education and for credit.			. NO CHANGE the establishment of a timetable for the of theme committees on the computes by th Regents, as well as twelve of the reports the committees (a statevide conference mighe destrable at some point in the process fundate communication between scormstites)

 utilization of persons outside the academic community with relevant work experience as reaching resources. 10. (CONT'D)

The Regents should establish a timerable for the work of these cormittees on the empuses and should review the reports of the constitues. It may be desirable to call a stativise conference at some point in the process in order to stimulate communication between the committees.

- should set saide one to three percent of its operating budget each year for innovative or experimental teaching projects. There should be provision for rigorous evaluation of all projects funded from this source.
- 12. The Board of Regents should create and seek state and external support for a fund for inmovation in higher education. The fund should be used to support innovations designed to improve the quality of education or to achieve greater cost effectiveness and productivity at the same or greater level of ouslity.
- 13. Admissions policies should not discriminate 13. NO CHANGE against part-time atudents or students choosing to combine or alternate education with other experience such as work or
 - a) Administrative barriers and red tape should be minimized so that the work involved in entry, exit and reentry does not become a factor in student choices.

IO. (CONT'D)

#2 THIS PARAGRAPH DELETED BY COMMISSION AT JUNE 6/7 MEETING

- 11. Each unit of public post-secondary education 11. Each unit of public post-secondary education should set aside funds each year for innova-There should be provision for risorous evaluation of all projects funded from this
 - The Board of Regents should seck state and evternal support for a fund for innovation in higher education. The fund should be used to support innovations designed to improve the quality of education or to achieve greater cost effectiveness and productivity at the same or greater level of quality.
 - - a) Administrative barriers should be mininised so that the work involved in entry, evit and reentry does not become a factor in student choices.

(10) DELETED

(11) DELETED

- (12) The Board of Regents should seek state and external support for a fund for innovation in higher education. The fund should be used to support innovations designed to improve the quality of education or to achieve greater cost effectiveness and productivity at the same or sreater level of quality.
- (13) Admissions policies should not discriminate stainst part-time students or students choosing to combine or alternate education with other experience, such as work or
 - a. Administrative barriers should be minimized so that the work involved in entry, exit and reentry does not become a factor in student choices.

- 10. The Superintendent of Public Instruction and the Commissioner of Higher Education should sponsor an annual workshop for secondary and postsecondary counselors throughout the state. The purpose of the workshop would be to provide the counselors with current information on postsecondary education programs, procedures for admission, student costs. financial assistance available from federal, stare. private and institutional sources and procedures for applying
- 11. A report on the actions of the state postsecondary planning agency (mentioned above) should be presented at this workshop. The Superintendent of Public Instruction and the Commissioner of Higher Education should conduct a study into secondary and postsecondary counseling in the state.
- 12. NO CHANGE
- 13. NO CHANGE
 - a. Administrative barriers and red tape should be minimized so that the work involved in entry, exit and reentry does not become a factor in student choices.

13. (CONT*D)

- or There should be provisions in each public institution for persons to attend undergraduate and graduate courses on e pert-time besis, for credit or without credit, to take these courses without orior acceptance into a degree program provided that they are eble to benefit from the course and that there is sufficient space symilable.
- In assessing the ability and qualifications of students beyond the traditional age of post-secondary education strendance, institutions should place minimum reliance upon bigh school and college transcripts and should develop other indicators of motivation and ebility.
- d) ADDED BY COMMISSION AT JUNE 6/7 MEETING
- e) Anney BY COMMISSION AT JUNE 6/7 MERCETAGO
- inste against part-time students. Parttime students should be charged only for courses and credits ectually taken. Any fees charged for services and fscilities other than instruction should be propor-tionate to the part-time student's course and credit load.

13. (CONT'D)

b) NO CHANGE

- c) NO CHANGE
- Each institution should endeavor to maintain fecilities such as child core facilities to better enable all kinds of students to enroll and attend.
- Provinion should be made at all units of the university system for unstructured independent study options for all students. These provisions should be similar to, but not necessfully restricted to, the combus option at the Dalversity of Nontane.
- Tuition and fee atructures abould not discrim- 14. Tuition and fee structures abould not discriminate sgainst part-time students. Part-time students should be charged for courses and credits sctually taken. Any fees charged for services and fecilities other than instruction should be proportionate to the pert-time student's course and credit load.

(13) (cost/n)

b. Each cublic institution should provide for persons to attend underernduste and graduate courses on e next-time hesis. for credit or without credit, and to take these courses without prior scceptance into a degree program, provided that they are eble to benefit from the course and that there is space evetleble.

- c. In essessing the ability and qualifications of students beyond the traditional age of postsecondary education attendence. institutions should place minimum reliance upon bish school and college transcripts and should develop other indicators of motivetion and ability.
- d. Each institution should endeavor to maintein facilities, such as child cere facilities, to better enable all kinds of students to enroll and attend.
- e. All units of the University System should provide for unstructured independent study options for all students. These provisions should be similar to, but not necessarily restricted to, the comibus option at the University of Montane.
- (14) Tuition and fee structures should not discriminate 14. against part-time students. Part-time students should be charged for courses and credits actually taken. Any fees charged for services and facilities other than instruction should be proportionare to the part-time student's course and credit load,

- (3. (CONT'D)
 - b. KO CHANGE

C. NO CHANGE

- d. Each inscription should extension child care
- o NO CHANGE

Tuition and fee structures should not discritimate against part-time students. Part-time students should be charged for courses and credits acres? "taken. Any mandatory fees charged for services and fecilities other than instruction should be proportionate to the part-time student's course and credit load.

- 15. Part-time students should be eligible for state and institutional student financial assistance programs.
- 16. In order to plan for the orderly growth of adult and continuing education in Montana, a Statewide Comportium for Adult and Continuing Education should be established.
 - a) Membership
 - (1) All public institutions of postsecondary education
 - (2) Private institutions of postsecondary education should be invited to participate
 - (3) The Commissioner of Higher Education and the Superintendent of Public Instruction
 - (4) Other state agencies involved in delivery of educational services to adults, such as the Educational Television Commission, should be invited to participate
 - b) Staffing. The office of the Commissioner of Nigher Education should serve as the secretariat to the consortium.
 - c) Functions
 - (1) Development of a state plan for adult and continuing education for submission to the state postsecondary planning agency

- 82 15. Part-time students should be aligible for state and institutional student financial assistance programs, based on need.
- 16. NO CHANGE

 - a) NO CHANCE ALL OF a)

- b) NO CHANCE
- c) NO CHANCE
 - (1) NO CHANGE

- *3 (15) Part-time students should be eligible for state and institutional student financial assistance programs, based
- on need. (16) In order to plan for the orderly growth of adult and continuing education in Montana, a Statewide Association for
 - Adult and Continuing Education should be established.

agency.

-37-

a. Membership:

- (1) all public institutions of postsecondary education.
 - (2) private institutions of postsecondary education should be invited to participate.
 - (3) the Commissioner of Higher Educa-tion and the Superintendent of (3) NO CHANCE
 - Public Instruction. (4) other state agencies involved in delivery of educational services to adults, such as the Educational Broadcasting Commission, should be
- invited to participate. b. Staffing: The Office of Commissioner of Higher Education should serve as the secretariat to the association.
- c. Functions: (1) develop a state plan for adult and continuing education for submission to the state postsecondary planning

15. NO CHANGE

16. NO CHANGE

a. NO CHANGE

(1) NO CHANCE

(2) NO CHANGE

(4) NO CHANGE

b. NO CRANCE

c. NO CHANCE

(1) NO CHANCE

L6. (CONT'D) (16) (CONT'D) 16. (CONT'D) 16. (CONT'D) c. (CONT'D) (CONT'D) (CONT'D) (1) (a) division of the state into institu-(ORIGINAL (2) DELETED) (2) DELETED (2) Division of the state into institutional service areas for adult and tional service areas for adult and contiouing education continuing education (b) in each service area a Regional (a) In each service area a segional Council for Adult and Contributing Education should be forested. All institutions offering post-secondary programs should be invited to a voluntary council for invited to a voluntary contribution of the contrib (a) DELETED Council for Adult and Continuing (ORIGINAL (m) DELETED) Education should be formed. All institutions offering postsecondary programs should be invited to purticipate. This will be a volumtary consortium to assess needs and determine the most effective delivery system. The Regional Councils will be advisory to the consortium to assess needs and determine the most effective delivery system. The Regional Councils will be advisory to the par-ticipating institutions of post-secondary education and to the statewide conparticipating institutions of postsecondary education and to the statewide consortium. sortium. (3) Coordinate and stimulate the development (3) Coordinate and stimulate the develop-(2) coordinate and stimulate the (2) NO CHANCE of new delivery systems ment of new delivery systems, particudevelopment of new delivery systems. larly radio and television courses and programs (3) develop a system for maintaining (3) NO CHANGE (4) Develop a system for maintaining the records of persons who accumulate post-secondary edu-(4) Develop a central credit bank for mainthe records of persons who taining the records of persons who acaccumulate postsecondary education carfon through diverse approaches; course cumulate post-secondary education through through diverse approaches: course work at institutions, work and service ex-perience, individualized study, tests, etc. diverse approaches: course work at work at institutions, work and service experience, individualized institutions, work and service experience, individualized study, tests, etc. study, tests, etc. (5) NO CHANGE

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(4) develop procedures for delivery of

educational services to areas which

may lack an institution capable of offering a needed course or program.

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ĕ1

(5) Develop procedures for delivery of educa-

needed course or program

tional services to areas which may lack an institution capable of offering a

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(4) YO GRANCE

16. (CONT'D)

c) (cort'd)

- (6) Encourage and provide assistance to counties and cities in the development of learning centers for adult education in public libraries, high schools, govern-ment buildings, other available facilities, and where appropriate, learning pavillions
- (7) Explore the need and feasibility of offering an external degree to increase accessibility of higher education for persons whose work schedules, home responsibilities or geographic location preclude attendance at a campus. Such a degree might be offered on the basis of independent study, equivalency testing, correspondence work, television and radio courses, and brief periods of intensive study (weekends, short summer sessions) at campuses or learning centers
- (8) Seek federal and foundation funding for development of new systems for delivery and evaluation of adult learning experiences
- 17. (ADDED BY COMMISSION AT JUNE 6/7 MEETING)

16. (CONT'D)

c) (cont'd)

(6) NO CHANGE

(7) NO CHANGE

(8) Grant state and seek federal and foun-

Senior citizens, 62 years of age and over, should be granted tuition free access to all courses at all units of the university system, subject to space availability.

dation funding for development of

new systems for delivery and evalu-

ation of adult learning experiences

#2

c. (CONT'D)

(16) (CONT'D)

c. (com/p)

(5) encourage and provide assistance to counties and cities in the development of learning centers for adult education in public

libraries, high schools, government buildings, other available facilities, and where appropriate,

special adult learning centers.

(6) explore the need and feasibility of offering an external degree to increase accessibility of higher

education for persons whose work schedules, home responsibilities or geographic location preclude attendance at a campus. Such a degree might be offered on the hasis of independent study, equiv-

aleocy testing, correspondence work, television and radio courses and brist periods of intensive study (weekends, short summer sessions)

at campuses or learning centers. (7) seek federal and foundation funding to develop new systems for the delivery and evaluation of adult

learning experiences. (17) The Board of Regents should give special

consideration to granting suition-free access to all Montana residents, 62 years of age and over, to sudit all courses at all units of the university system, subject to space availability.

14. (CONT'D)

(5) NO CHANGE

(6) NO CHANGE

(7) NO CHANGE

17. The Board of Regents give special consideration to granting tuition-free access to all Montana residents, 62 years of age and over, in all courses in all units of the ur versity system, subject to space availability.

(45) The state should continue to assume the

a. Undergraduates and vocational-

technical students in public post-

to participate in this program.

b. Grants should be based upon need.

secondary education should be eligible

a. NO CHANCE

b. NO CHANGE

48. NO CHANGE (other than numbering) responsibility for financing public postmajor responsibility for financing public secondary education. postsecondary education. 2. State support of operating expenses of post-2. NO CHANGE (46) State support of operating expenses of SO. NO CHANGE secondary education should take two basic postsecondary education should take two basic forus s. Direct institutional support through a. NO CHANCE a. direct institutional support through a. NO CHANGE appropriations to the institutions appropriations to the institutions and/or their governing boards and/or their governing boards. b. Direct student support through student b. Direct student support through student b. direct student support through b. direct student support through student financial assistance. financial assistance financial assistance tied to need and student financial assistance, based on need and performance. performance. 1 3. Montana should establish a state scholarship 3. Montaca should establish a state scholarship (47) Montana should establish a state scholar- 51. NO CHANGE (other than numbering) program and participate in the federal ship program and participate in the program and participate in the federal student student incentive grant program. The program should provide for grants of \$100 to \$1000 federal student incentive grant program. incentive grant program. The program should provide for grants to students applicable to The program should provide for grants to per student applicable to tuition or living students which are applicable to tuition tuition or living costs at institutions or living costs at institutions within within Montena.

Montana.

#2 FINANCING

s. NO CHANGE

b. NO CHANCE

1. The state should continue to assume the major 1. NO CHANGE

a. Undergraduate and vocational-tech-nical students in public post-

secondary education should be

b. Green's should be based upon need.

eligible to participate in this pro-

	01	#2	63
	·-	3. (CONT'D)	(47) (CONT'D) 5; (CONT'D)
3.	(CDM D)	c, NO CHANGE	c. Priority in the awarding of grants c. NO CHARGE should be given to
	 Priority in the awarding of grants should be given to 	c. No common	(1) students whose educational (1) NO CRANCE programs are disructed by
	 Students whose educational pro- grams are disrupted by termin- ation of an institution or pro- 		termination of an institu- tion or program.
	gram. 2) Students who must change their		(2) SU CHANGE there are to students who must change their place of residence to attend coestacondary
	place of residence to attend post-secondary education.		education.
	 Grants or vouchers should be awarded dir- ectly to students. 	d. NO CHANGE	directly to students.
	e. This program should be funded at an initial level of approximately \$120,000 (30% state funds, 50% federal funds).	e. NO CHANCE	e. This program should be funded initially a. NO CHANGE at a level of approximately \$120,000 (50% state funds, 50% federal funds).
	f. The Goumission for Federal Righer Edu- cation programs should administer this program	f. NO CHANGE	f. The Gemmission for Tederal Higher f. NO CHANGE Education Programs should administer this program.
	Z. ABDED BY COMMISSION AT JUNE 6/7 MEETING	g. The state statute creating a state work study program should be funded.	g. The state statute creating a state work-study program should be funded.
4.	Students attending private colleges should be eligible for participation in any state programs which award financial assistance directly to students.*	 Students attending Carroll College, College of Great Falls, and Bocky Meantain College, should be cligible for participation in any state programs which would Imanuial assistance directly would Imanuial 	(48) Students attending Carroll College, College of Creat Falls and Rocky Romanta College, should be cligible for participation in any state programs which owned financial assis- tames directly to students.*
	his would probably require constitutional mendment	*This would probably require constitutional amendment	AThis would probably require constitutional amendment. *This would probably require constitutional amendment.

- Students in state institutions of postsecondary education should contribute to the direct costs of their education. However student charges should not be raised until a study of student resources has been made to determine the impact of such charges.
- a ADDED BY COMMISSION AT 6/28 MEETING
- b. ADDED BY COMMISSION AT 6/28 MEETING
- A portion of any future increases in student charges should be set aside for student financial assistance.
- 7. The ratio of state to county funding of community colleges should be set at 65:35.
- 8. All institutions of post-secondary education should adopt "zero-based" formula budgeting.
- 9. Budgeting formulas should take into account the different missions and programs of the institutions of post-secondary education and the library, laboratories and equipment necessary to support institutional functions.
- 10. State executive and legislative authorities, in the exercise of their responsibility for budget control and sudit, should concentrate on program budget review and approval and avoid line-item approval and direct involvement in internal budget operation and administration of the public institutions of post-secondary education.

- Four positions on this recommendation:
 - Léave staff recommendation as is. Strike the last sentence beginning with
 - Add the following statement: "The graduate
- fees structure should be studied."
 Add the following statement to this section:
 "Increases in student fees should not be used
 to decrease General Fund appropriations."
- 6. NO CHANGE
- 7. Two amendments on this reconsendation suggested
 - The ratio of state to county funding of community colleges should be set at approximately 65:35.
 The ratio of state to county funding of community colleges should not exceed 50% state and 50% local.
- 8. NO CHANGE
- 9. MO CHANGE
- 10. NO CHANGE

(49) Students in state institutions of postsecondary, education should contribute to the direct costs of their education. However, student charges should not be raised until student resources have been studied to determine the impact of such charges.

83

- e. The graduate fees structure should be studied.
- Increases in student fees should not be used to decrease General Fund appropriations.
- (54) The ratio of state to county funding of community colleges should be set at 65:35.
- (52) All institutions of postsecondary education should adopt "zero-based" program budgeting.
- (53) Budgeting formulas should take into account the different missions and programs of the institutions of postsecondary education and the library, laboratories and equipment necessary to support institutional functions.
- (50) State executive and legislative authorities, in the exercise of their responsibility for budget control and audit, should concentrate on program budget review and approval, and avoid line-item approval and direct involvement in internal budget operation and administration of the public institutions of postsecondary education.

53. Students in state institutions of postsecondary education contribute to the direct costs of their education. However, student charges should not be raised until student resources have been studied to determine the impact of such charges.

84

- a. NO CHANGE
- b. NO CHANGE
- 56. NO CHANGE (other than numbering)
- 56. NO CHANGE (other than numbering)
- 57. NO CHANGE (other than numbering)
- State, executive and legislative authorities, in the exercise of their responsibility for budget control and audit, concentrate on program budget review and approval, and avoid line-item approval and direct involvement in internal budget opera-tion and administration of the public institutions of postsecondary education.

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	e1			82	#3	#4
11. State funds System show of Regents.	allocated to the University ad be appropriated to the Board	11.	NO CHANCE	(51)	State funds allocated to the University System should be appropriated to the Beare of Regents.	NO CHANGE (other than numbering)
education s refine unif procedures resources u producing i student cre certificate information work being	s and units of post-secondary mould continue to develop and corn standards, definitions and that will find the full set of filling in the full set of filling in the full set of filling in the fill set of the difference of the filling in the filling dit hours, courses, degrees and a. Insofar as possible this abould be compatible with the carried on by the United States ducation and the National Center Scheckito Management Systems.	12.	NO CHANGE	(55)	lastitutions and units of postescondary colocutions should occution to develop and refuse uniform translates, definitions on the colocution should be compared to the colocution of resources used in the process of producing instructional outcomes, includit student credit theory, courses, degrees tailed the colocution of the colocution	NO CHANGE (other than numbering)

3). For the immediate future, abult and continuing deaction should continue to rely upon student fees and the country all levies. Bowers, there should be relieved for the state of the	13.	NO CHANCE	લ.	for the femedate future, shalt and continuous charation should continuous rost upon scatcher fees and the except utili large test upon the continuous continuous for feed and the femedate feet feet feet feet feet feet feet f
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13. NO CHANCE

15. When the Statewide Consortium for Adult Education has accusulated sufficient experience and information on the nature of the demand for adult and continuing post-secondary education, it should make an assessment of the need and appropriateness of state funding of programs and COUTSES.

41

- 16. Faculty and administrative salaries and benefits in Montana higher education should be competitive with those provided for comparable services in comparable institutions.
- 17. The governing boards of public post-secondary education should conduct periodic surveys to compare the compensation being paid to faculty, administrators and other staff with levels of compensation of persons with similar responsibilities in similar post-secondary institutions, government and the private
- 18. Governing boards should set systemwide priorities for increases in faculty compensation.
- 19. In the immediate future the Regents should emphasize equity and merit increases in their priorities for faculty compensation in the University System.

52 15. Three differences on this recommendation:

- Keep it as it reads.
 Delete the section.
 Amend as follows: When the Statewide Consortium for Adult Education has accumulated sufficient experience and information on the nature of the demand for adult and continuing pear-secondary education, it should be funded through

the State General Fund in the same ratio as student fees.

- 16. Faculty, administrative and staff salaries and benefits in Montana higher education must be competitive with those provided for comparable services in comparable institutions. There should be more uniformity in salaries among all the units,
- 17. NO CHANGE
- 18. NO CHANGE
- 19. NO CHANGE

#3 (59) When the Statewide Association for Adult Sducetien has accomulated sufficient experience and information on the demand

for adult and continuing education, it should assess the need and appropriateness of state funding of programs and courses.

- (60) Faculty, administrative and staff salaries and benefits in Montana higher education should be competitive with those provided for comparable services in comparable institutions. Salaries among similar units should be more uniform.
- (61) The governing boards of public postsecondary 68. NO CHANGE (other than numbering) education should conduct periodic surveys to compare the compensation paid to faculty, administrators and other staff with levels of compensation of persons with similar responsibilities in similar postsecondary institutions, government and the private sector.
- (62) Governing boards should set systemwide priorities for increases in faculty compensation.
- (63) The Regents should emphasize immediately, equity and merit increases in their priorities for faculty compensation in the University System. Recommendations for merit increases should be the sole respon sibility of the dean of the school or the president of the institution.

- 65. When the Statewide Association for Adult and Continuing Education has accumulated sufficient experience and information on the demand for adult and continuing education, it should assess the need and appropriateness of state funding of programs and courses.
- 67. Faculty, administrative and staff salaries and benefits in Montana higher education should be in parity with those provided for comparable services in comparable institutions. Salaries among similar units should be more uniform.
- 69. NO CHANGE (other than numbering)
- 70. NO CHANGE (other than numbering)

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61
20. One instructional FTE faculty position should be granted to each unit of the University System for each 750 students or part thereof. The additional FTE's are to be used for curricular reform or research related to the

 State funds should be provided to institutions and system offices for the development of management information systems.

improvement of instruction.

22. If enrollment decreases necessitate budget curtailments, administrative support costs should be catefully reviewed to insure that thuy are commensurate with the size of the institution and the number of students being served.

23. ADDED BY COMMISSION AT JUNE 6/7 MERTING

24. ADDED BY COMMISSION AT 6/28 MEETING

20. Differences on this recommendation:

a. Two groups wanted more information.
b. One group wanted to delete the section.
c. Amend the first sentence as follows:
"Funds equivalent to one instructional FIE

"Funds equivalent to one instructional FIE faculty position should be granted to each unit of the University System for each 750 students or part thereof."

21. NO CHANCE

22, NO CHANGE

23. Private Toundation Funding, Private foundations of Individual post-secondary insellutions them in the program of the programs. Income from these foundations should be encouraged to develop income for its supplemental programs. Income from these foundations should be considered additional, income and not used to reduce its General Fund appropriations.

24. ADDED BY COMMISSION AT 6/28 NEETING

//3

(57) Punds equivalent to one instructional FTE faculty position should be granted to each unit of the Whotersity System for each 750 students or part thereof. The additional funds would be used for curricular reform or research related to improved instructions.

(56) State funds should be provided to institutions and system offices for the development of management information systems.

(64) Administrative support costs should be carefully reviewed to insure that they are commensurate with the size of the institution and the number of students being

(65) Private Coundations of individual postsecondary institutions should be encouraged to develop facous for their supplemental programs. Income from these foundations should be considered additional income and should not be used to reduce its General Fund appropriations.

(66) An Attorney General's opinion should be requested to determine whether the Board of Regents could rebate up to three of the six University System mills collected from those political auddivisions which maintain community colleges. 94

 Funds equivalent to one instructional PTE faculty position be granted to each unit of the balversity System for each 2,500 students or part thereof. The additional funds would be used for curricular reform or research related to improved instruction.

62. NO CHANGE (Other than numbering)

71. NO CHANCE (other than numbering)

72. ND CHANGE (other than numbering)

66. DELETED

NEW RECOMMENDATIONS ADDED BY COMMISSION

- Continuous statewide planning should be the responsibility of the State Board of Education.
 - a. The State Board when acting as the state long-range postsecondary consistion planning agency should appoint an advisory consistee on planning which seets the representation requirements of section 1202 of the Education Assendments of 1972.
 - b. The State Board, or its advisory committee on planning, should be designated the state agency to receive federal funds under Section 1202 and Title X of the Education Amendments of 1972.
 - c. The Commissioner of Higher Education should be designated administrative officer of the state long-range planning agency for postsecondary education.
 - d. In order to avoid deplicative information gathering, the administrative officer should contract with the executive officer for Vocational-Technical Education for collection of data related to postmecondary vocational-technical centers.
- 99. The units of the Portana University System should use a uniform system of the procession of the Portana Council on Education and endown an appreciation and endown and endown and endown and endown of the Portana Council of Portana Coun
- 66. Immediate and first priority of all Commission recommendations regarding the University System is that attention be given to significantly improving faculty, administrative and staff salary and benefits.
- The Community College district should be allowed up to a six sill permissive keys for the purpose of maintenance and operation of these schools.

6-

Tunure and Staffing

1. Each governing board in public post-secondary education should conduct a thorough review of current tenure policies and the future impact of those policies. This review should include

01

- > Analysis by each unit of its current and projected level of feculty staffing, including estimates of the proportion of tenured and non-tenured faculty for the periods 1975-1980 and 1981-1990. Analysis and estimates should be made for each department and for the entire institution.
- b. Procedures and criteria by which tenure éscisions are zade.
- c. Strat-glas for paintaining a mealthy tenure/sen-tenure balance.
- d. Possible alternatives to, or modifications "i, existing tenura policies and prac-
- 7. dowerning boards should insure that procedures are entablished for the cvaluetion of tenured
- 5. Soverming boards should examine the possibilmust or full-time employment at age 15 or 60.

- 1. NO CHANGE ALL OF 1.

- (18) Each governing board in public postsecondary education should conduct a thorough review of current tenure policies and the future impact of those policies. This review should include:
 - a. analysis by each unit of its current and projected level of faculty staffing, including estimates of the proportion of tenured and non-tenured faculty for the periods 1975-1980 and 1981-1990. Analysis and estimates should be made for each department and for the entire
 - b. procedures and criteria by which tenure decisions are made.
 - c. strategies for maintaining a healthy
 - tenure/non-tenure balance. tions of, existing tenurs princips and
- (19) Governing boxics should insure that propagates are established for the evaluation of tenured

valuntary withdrawal from cambovment at full-

time exployment at zee 55 or 60.

trator, faculty and student input. (20) Governing boards should examine the cosmibility

focusty at least every four years by adminis-

3. NO CHANCE

- 18. Each governing board in public postsecondary education conduct a thorough
- a. NO CRANGE
- S. NO CRANCE

- 19. ST CRASGI
- 20. NO CHANCE

61 4. Governing boards, institutions, faculties and departments should make every effort to increase the representation of minority groups, particularly American Indians and women, on the teaching and administra-

tive staffs of all units of post-secondary

82 4. Governing boards, institutions, faculties and departments will make every effort to obtain representation of minority groups, particularly American Indians and women,

on the teaching and administrative staffs of all units of post-secondary education and provide equitable compensation.

1. NO CHANGE

2. NO CHANGE

4. NO CHANGE

education. Health Core Education

The Commission should consider the recommenda-tions of the Technical Group Report No. 5 on Health Care, as follows:

General Recommendations

- 1. More emphasis should be placed on preventive care in health education programs.
- 2. Health education for consumers particularly during the school years - is a concent which should be given a high
- Student needs, as well as community needs, should also be considered in planning for 3. NO CHANCE educational programs.
- 4. Sound vocational counseling and guidance should be strongly encouraged beginning at the junior and senior high school level and continuing through the post-secondary level. This is necessary to assist students to neet their educational needs and interests in the health fields of their choice where caployment is available.

#3

(21) Governing boards, institutions, faculties and departments should make every effort to obtain representation of minority groups. particularly American Indians and women, on the teaching and administrative staffs of all units of postsecondary education and provide equitable compensation.

21. Governing boards, institutions, faculties and departments should make every effort to obtain and retain representation of minority prouns. particularly American Indians and women, on the teaching and administrative staffs of all units of postsecondary edcuation and provide

- (82) More emphasis should be placed on preventive care io health education programs.
- (83) Health education for consumers particularly during the school years - should be given high priority.
- (84) Student needs, as well as community needs, should be considered in planning for educational programs.
- (86) Sound vocational counseling and guidance should be strongly encouraged beginning at the juoier and senior high school level and continuing through the post-secondary level.

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equitable compensation.

*2. DELETED

83. DELETED

84. DELETED

86. DELETED

Health Care Recommendations (Cont'd)

- All health care education programs should be parmitted to control admissions as they see fit based on program capacity and reliable projected needs.
 All health care personnel should have
- All health care personnel should have available to them, and be encouraged to participate in, adequate continuing education and in-service training or or rems.
- There is a great need within the state for the most reliable system possible for projecting future needs in the health occupations and professions.

Specific Recommendations and Conclusions

 The WICHE Program: Recommends that Montana continue its support of the WICHE Student Exchange Program and increase its level of support as required.

- Subject to governing board approval, all health care education programs should be permitted to
- care education programs should be permitted to control admissions as they see fit based on program capacity and reliable projected needs.
- 6. NO CHANGE
- 7. NO CHANGE
 - 8. Notices abould continue its support of the NUCE Student Exchange Program and Increase its level of support as required. The Beggers should consider a system which takes into account the worldbilly. In the continue of the support of the worldbilly. In the continue student is supported by the support of the support to the state of the support to the support of the support of

- (117) Subject to governing board approval, all health care education programs should be permitted to control admissions based on program capacity and reliable projected needs.
- (119) All health care personnel should have available to them, and be encouraged to participate in, adequate continuing education and inservice training programs.
- (116) A reliable system should be developed for projecting future needs in the health occupations and professions.
 - (99) Notions should continue supporting the programment of the program

upon a period of practice in Montana once the education has been completed.

- 117. DELETED
- 94. NO CHANCE (other than numbering)
- 116. DELETED
 - 90. NO CHANGE (uther than numbering)

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Health Care Recommendations (Cont'd) 9. The NAMI Program: Recommends and urges that support be given to this program

and that the Legislature appropriate the necessary amount of dollars each year to keep the WANI program viable in this state. However, this Group also feels that financial support of the WAMI program should be contingent upon a written guarantee from the University of Washington School of Medicine that the full number of up to 80 curlified medical students will actually be admitted within the next four years. The WAMI program should also endeaver to make a systematic effort to introduce Montana's medical students to rural areas during the community clinical phase of their education, rather than concentrating them in the urban areas of the state.

Bealth Care Recommendations (Cont'd)

9. Support should be given to this program and the Legislature should appropriate the necessary amount of dollars each year to keep the WAMI program viable in this state. However, this Croup also feels that financial support of the WANI program should be contingent upon a written guarantee from the University of Washington School of Medicine that the full number of up to 80 qualified medical students will actually be admitted within the next four years. The WAMI program should endeavor to make a systematic effort to introduce

the community clinical phase of their education, rather than concentrating them in the urban areas of (88) the state. A system (such as the one proposed under the WICHE program) should be devised for WAMI.

10. Medicine

A method should be developed for determining the appropriate numher of medical students which should be subsidized by the state.

11. Dentistry

There is a great need to find some device for protecting existing slots in dental schools for Montana students, and finding some way to expand the opportunities for admission to dental schools.

#2

Montana's medical students to rural areas during

10. NO CHANGE

11. NO CHANCE

Support bhould be given to the WAMI (Washington, Alasks, Montana, Idabo) Medical Education program, and the Legislature should appropriate the necessary amount of dollars each year

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to keep it working in this state. However, financial support should be contingent upon a written guarantee from the University of Washington School of Medicine that the full number of up to 80 qualified medical students will actually be admitted within the next

The WAMI program should make a systematic effort to introduce Montana's medical students to rural areas during the community clinical phase of their education, rather than concentrating them in the urban areas of the state. A system providing for forgive-

ness of educational loans in return for practicing medicine in rural areas should be devised for WANT.

(118) A method should be developed for determining the appropriate number of medical students to

be subsidized by the state.

Some device for protecting existing slots in dental schools for Montana students should be developed as well as some method to expand

concertenities for admission to dental schools.

44

88. NO CHANGE (other than numbering)

89. NO CHANGE (other than numbering)

118. DELETED

90. DELETED

F1 F2

12. Veterinary Medicina

Montana State University's efforts to develop a WMI-like program for waterinary medicine shemid be encouraged to continue and the legislature should juve sympathemiat consideration to funding such a program.

(91) The Montana State University System should be encouraged to meek new models of interstate cooperation in veterinary medicine education.

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#1 Health Care Recommendations (Cont'd)

14. NO CHANGE

15. NO CHANCE

13. Pre-Medicine/Pre-Dentistry/Pre-Veterinary

The counselling system should be carefully scrutinized and the counselling function should be given more attention in order to better screen the potential applicants to these professional schools. The students should be given the opportunity to have more exposure to their chosen profession in the field during these pre-professional vears.

14. Dental Hygiene

The four-year program which now exists should be continued. At this time a second baccalaureate program should not be developed.

The value of a two-year program at the vocational-technical center which has responsibility for health care training as its major activity, or at a community college should be examined.

15. Dental Assistant

The need for dental assistants is adequately being met and no change is recommended.

The upward mobility concept should be developed within all accredited programs to allow for ease of movement of the dental assistant into a dental hygiene program.

Scalth Care Recommendations (Cont'd)

13. NO CHANGE

(85) The counseling system should be carefully scrutinized and the counseling function should be given more attention in order to better screen the potential applicants for pre-medicine/pre-dentiatry/pre-veterinary for pre-medicine/pre-centiatry/pre-vecerimar medicine. The students should be given the opportunity to have more exposure to their chosen profession in the field during these

\$3

pre-professional years.

(93) The existing four-year program for dental hygienists should be continued. At this time, a second baccalaureate program should not be developed. The feasibility of a twoyear program at the wocational-technical center which has responsibility for health

care training as its major activity, or at a community college, should be examined.

(94) The upward mobility concept should be developed within all accredited programs to allow for ease of movement of the dental assistant into a dental hygiene

program.

85. DELETED

93, DELETED

94. DELETED

-52-

	Ø1		82				
ealth Care Rec	ommendations (Cont'd)	Health Ca	re Recommendations (Cont'd)				
	al Technology The state should develop ad- dictional internships for medical technologists.	16.	NO CHANGE	(95)	The state should develop additional internships for medical technologists.	95.	DELETED
	al Lahoratory Assistant These programs should be expanded if other schools or institu- tions have the necessary financial support and proper laboratory facilities, staff and other resources.	17.	NO CHANGE	(96)	The programs for medical laboratory swist- ants should be expanded if other schools or institutions have the necessary financial support and proper laboratory facilities, staff and other resources.	96.	DELETED
	ommental Health/Sanitarians No change is recommended in the scademic programs, but field experience training should be offered in the state.	18.	NO CHANCE	(97)	Field experience training for sumitarians should be offered in the state.	97.	OELETED

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#1
Health Care Recommendations (Cont'd)

19. Registered Nurse

students.

FIRST PARAGRAPH ADDED BY COMMISSION AT JUNE 6/7 MEETING

Those nursing education programs which lead to EN licensure should be continued at their present levels and the varied programs should

remain as they are now structured, but based on changing needs of the state; modifications should be nade as needed in the future. Overall limitations of clinical facilities regutres statewide coordination to assure adoquate clinical experiences for marging

The Family Nurse Practitioner program should be strongly supported. However, proliferation of these post-EM programs does not seem necessary nor feasible. Modifications in the future should be made as the need arises.

No additional master's programs should be developed.

A major need in nursing education is for an education consultant for the State Board of Nursing. Health Care Recommendations (Cont'd)

19. Registered Nurse

Efforts should be made to develop flexibility in mursing program from LFM to Baccalaureate degree nurses. This would include efforts to make it possible for LFM and Associates Degree nurse to ester baccalaureate programs receiving credit for their previous training.

82

(NO CHANGE IN BALANCE OF 19)

(98) Efforts should be made to develop flexibility in nursing programs from Licensed Practical Nurse (LPN) to Baccal Aurente degree nurses. This would include efforts to make it possible for LPN and Associate Degree nurses to enter baccalaureate programs, receiving credit for their percolaurate programs,

63

a. Those nursing education programs which lead to Registered Nurse (RN) licenses should be continued at their present levels, and the varied programs should remain as they are now structured; but based on the changing needs of the state. nodifications should be used

as needed.

b. Overall limitations of clinical facilities may require statewide coordination to assure adequate clinical experiences for nursing

students.

c. The Femily Nurse Practitioner program should be strongly supported. However, proliferation of these post-Nu programs does not seem

necessary nor feasible. Modifications should be made as needs arise.

d. No additional master's programs should be developed.

 an education consultant should be appointed for the State Board of Nursing. 98. DELETED

a. DELETED

b. DELETED

c. DELETED

C. DEBLIE

d. DELETED

c. DELETED

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#1

Health Core Recommendations (Cont'd)

20. Practical Nursing

The existing programs adequately serve the state at the present time.

The Group urges the Vocational Education Division of the Office of the Superintendent of Public Instruction and the State Board of Nursing to jointly coordinate the number of programs and stu-dents in the future based on area needs.

The MDTA practical nursing programs should not be developed unless or until they are coordinated with the Vocational Education Divison of the Office of the Superintendent of Public Instruction.

21. Nurse Aide

Recommends no change in these programs, however, for the establishment of future programs, the Vocational Education Division of the Office of Superintendent of Public Instruction is urged to take the factors of supply, demand and geography into consideration.

ž2 Health Care Recommendations (Cont'd)

20. Practical Nursing

The existing programs adequately serve the state at the present time.

The Vocational Education Division and the State Board of Mursing should jointly coordinate the number of programs and students in the future based on area need.

The HDTA practical nursing programs should not be developed unless or until they are coordinated with the Vocational Education Division.

21. Murse Aide

There should be no change in these programs. However, for the establishment of future programs, the Vocational Education Division is urged to take the factors of supply, demand and geography into consideration.

£3 In practical mursing, the Vocational Education Division and the State Board of Mursing should jointly

coordinate the number of programs and students based on area need. The Manpower Development and Training Act (MDTA) practical nursing programs

should not be developed unless or until they are coordinated with the Vocational Education Division.

94

99. GELETED

(100) In establishing future nurse side programs, the Vocational Education Division should take the factors of supply, demand and

geography into consideration.

100. OELETED

	/1		#2		#3		84
Hea	1th Care Recommendations (Cont'd)	Bea.	Lth Care Recommendations (Cont'd)				
22.	Physical Therapy and Pre-Physical Therapy	22.	Physical Therapy and Pre-Physical Therapy	(101)	Increased legislative support should be made available to the WICHE Student	101.	DELETED
	Recommends increased legislative support to the WICHE Student Exchange Program in Physical Therapy.		Increased legislative support should be made available to the WICHE Student Exchange Program in Physical Therapy.		Exchange Program in Physical Therapy.		
	Recommends that consideration be given to establishing a two-year program to train physical therapisms at the most appropriate location where clinical facilities are adequate and inattructional personnel are available.		SECOND PARAGRAPH DELETED BY COMMISSION AT JUNE 6/7 MEETING				
23.	Physical Therapy Aide	23.	NO CHANGE	(102)	Programs to train physical therapy sides should be established at the vocational	102.	DELETED
	Programs to train physical therapy mides should be established at the vocational level.				level.		
24.	Hospital Administration	24.	NO CHANGE	(103)	The establishment of continuing education programs for hospital administrators	103.	DELETED
	The establishment of continuing education programs for hospital administrators should be given a very high priority.				should be given a very high priority. The Montana University System should be encouraged to investigate the feasibility of establishing a program for hospital		
	The Montana University System should be encouraged to investigate the feasibility of establishing a program for hospital administrators similar to that for nursing home administrators.				administrators similar to that for sursing home administrators.		
25.	Medical Records	25.	NO CHANGE	(104)	The one degree program in the state for the medical records field should fulfill	1.04.	DELETED
	One degree program in the state should				adequately the needs of the state.		

One degree program in the state should adequately fulfill the needs of the state.

	#1		02				
26.	Pharmacy	26.	Pharmacy	(105)	There should be no major change in the	105.	DELETEO
	The educational opportunities for pharmacy students are adequate and no major change is recommended.		There should be no major change in the educational opportunities for pharmacy students.		educational opportunities for pharmacy students.		
	The Croup urges the present School of Pharmacy to consider the development of its curricu- lum to include the clinical pharmacist concept.		SECOND PARACRAPH DELETED BY COMMISSION AT JUNE 6/7 MEETING				
27.	Speech Pathology and Audiology	27.	NO CHANCE	(106)	If the need for an expanded program in	106.	DELETEO
	If the need for an expanded program appears in the future, it should be met by the existing program.				speech pathology and audiology appears in the future, it should be met by the existing program.		
	A method should be developed obsreby the services of these professionals are obtain- able in the smaller communities around the state.				a. A method should be developed whereby the services of these professionals are obtainable in the smaller commun- ities around the state.		
	Continuing education possibilities should be developed outside of the Missoula area.				 Continuing education possibilities should be developed outside of the Misscula area. 		
28.	Radiologic (X-Ray) Technology	28.	NO CHANCE	(107)	The private bospital programs in radiologic	107,	OELETED
	The private hospital programs should adequately supply the state at the present time.				(X-Ray) technology should supply adequately the state at the present time. No academic programs should be established.		
29.	Respiratory/Inhalation Therapy	29.	NO CHANCE	(108)	The present programs in respiratory/inhalation	108.	OELETEO
	The present programs should be continued and expanded as the need arises.				therapy should be continued and expanded as needs arise.		
30.	Gccupational Therapy	30.	Occupational Therapy	(109)	Continued support should be made available	109.	DELETEO
	The Group recommends increased support		Continued support should be made available		for the WICHE Student Exchange Program in Occupational Therapy.		

Continued support should be made available for the WICHE Student Exchange Program in Occupational Therapy.

The Group recommends increased support for the WICHE Student Exchange Program in Occupational Therapy. #3

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	#1		#2		43		#4
Hes	ith Care Recommendations (Cont'd)	Hea:	th Care Recommendations (Cont'd)				
31.	Nursing Home Administration	31.	DELETED BY COMMISSION				
	This Group recommends that the proposed Montana State University program for nursing home administrators be encouraged and supported.						
32.	Mental Health/Clinical Psychologist	32.	NO CHANGE	(110)	The existing program for clinical psychol- ogists should be expanded within the	110.	DELETED
	It should be justifiable to expand the fone existing program within the university system.				University System.		
33.	Mental Health/Paychiatric Social Worker	33.	NO CHANCE	(111)	The in-migration of psychiatric social workers should meet Montana's needs; no	111.	DELETED
	The in-migration of these health profess- ionals should be meeting Montana's needs,				new programs should be initiated.		
34.	Distition	34.	NO CHANGE	(112)	Dietetic internships should be secured for Montana students who have completed their	112.	DELETED
	Internships should be secured for Montana students who have completed their scadenic training.				acadenic training.		
35.	Osteopathy	35.	NO CHANCE	(92)	The present cooperative arrangement with two out-of-state colleges of osteopathy	92.	DELETED
	The present cooperative arrangement with two out-of-state colleges of osteopathy should prove beneficial in supplying the state in the future.				should prove beneficial in supplying the state in the future and should be continued.		
36.	Optometry	36.	NO CHANGE	(113)	There should be continued support of the WICHE Student Exchange Program in the field	113.	DELETED
	There should be continued support of the WICHE Student Exchange Program.				of Optometry.		
37.	Chiropractic	37.	NO CHANGE	(114)	Except for poor distribution of chiropractors, the state's needs should be met adequately.	114.	DELEVED
	The state's needs seen to be adequately met (except for maldistribution).				the state a media among he are mandament.		

Seal	th Care Recommendations (Cont'd)	Health Care Recommendations (Cont'd)					
38.	Podiatry	38. NO CHANGE	(115)	There should be no expansion in current academic programs in pre-podiatry. There should be continued support of the WICHE Student Exchange Program in Podiatry.	115.	(DELETED)	
	There should be no expansion of the academic programs which currently exist.						
	There should be continued support of the WICHE Student Exchange Program.						
39.	Continuing Education	39. NO CHANGE	(120)	All potential sources for continuing advaction should be investigated—Montana Modical Muscartin and Research Foundation (MCMEP), the University place and a superior of the state of the st	95.	. NO CHANGE (othering than numbering)	
	All potential sources for continuing education should be investigated - MSGEN, the university system, the vocational-technical casters, and the allied health and professional associations and a coordinating system should be designated to accommodate continuing education in the total health care field.						
_	prietary Education	BOTH ITEMS ADDRED BY CONNISSION 6/28/74	(80)	(THE FOLLOWING TWO ITEMS WERE MOVED TO THE END OF THE "INSTITUTIONS" SECTION)			
				The Legislature should provide adequate funding to assure that the Department of Business Regulation can fulfill its responsibilities with respect to regulation of proprietary schools.	86.	NO CHANCE (other than numbering)	
	H ITEMS ADDED BY COMMISSION 6/28/74		,,,,				
			(81)	Proprietary schools should be included in future long- and short-range state planning for postsecondary education is Montans.	87.	NO CHANGE (Other than numbering)	

#3

#1 Native American Education

ALL ITEMS ADDED BY COMMISSION 6/28/74

- Montana post-accordary institutions should develop a set of institutional goals and objectives relating to Native Americans which would include,
- Native Americans which would include but not be limited to, welfare of students, educational programs, Indian community activities, etc.
- The State Board of Education and the Montama post-secondary institutions should implement fully the usndate of the new Montana Constitution (Article X, Sec. 2) through continued expansion of innovative projects and existing Indian programs.
- All post-secondary institutions should make an immediate effort to cuploy qualified Indiam faculty and noninstructional staff on all levels at
- 4. Funding for Indian Studies Programs should be increased, based on indian student penda, population and the mumber of Postens Indian Company of Postens Indian Indian Company of Postens Indian In
- Tresidents and/or directors of postsecondary institutions should create an Indian Review Board with membersing selected with the assistance of responsive to the property of the responsive to the property of the company of the property of the company to the property of the company of the self to leaves and problems controuting post-secondary institutions and indian communities.

(122) Montana postaecondary institutions should develop a set of institutional goals and objectives relating to Native Americans which would include, but not be limited to, welfare of students, educational programs, Indian community

activities, etc.

programs.

- (121) The State Board of Education and the Mentema postsecondary institutions should fully implement the sandate of the new Montana Constitution (Article X, Sec. 2) through continued expandion of innovarive projects and existing Indian
- (141) All postsecondary institutions should make an immediate effort to employ qualified Indian faculty and non-instructional staff on all levels.
- (123) Panding for Native American Studies
 Programs should be increased based on
 Indian student needs, population and the
 number of Montann Indian communities at or
 be served. The criteria for future state
 funding and the criteria for future state
 funding and constitutions of the criteria for
 research activities, curriculum developments
 and support services, etc.
- (131) Presidents and/or directors of postsecondary institutions should create am india Review Board with membership selected with the assistance of responsible tribal and urban Indian groups. The Board should address itself to issues and problems confronting postsecondary institutions and Native American communities.

- 98. NO CHANGE (other than numbering)
- 97. NO CHANGE (other than numbering)
- 117. NO CHANGE (other than numbering)
- 99. NO CHANGE (other than numbering)
- 107. NO CHANCE (other than numbering)

Native American Education (CONT'D)

Native American Education (CONT'D)

. Those institutions having significant Indian student populations or Indian commantia involvement should organize their educational resources around a special services program model (sail) classes, cultural classes, Indian commellors, tutors, etc.) for students needing this type of acodenic support program.

82

- All post-secondary institutions should develop and naintein data on Indian students and Indian community projects for the purpose of public accountability.
- 8. The Board of Regents and the Board of Public Education should review educational policies as they relate to Indian students, and initiate the necessary action to insure that the educational needs of Indian people are being net.
- The Board of Regante should review the State Indias Fee Waiver and recommend to the legislature any reform needed to make the waiver applicable to all tribal ladian students.
- The Governor should appoint an Indian person to the Board of Regents.
- The Board of Regents should develop an annual report concerning Native American (Indians) and post-secondary education which would be disseminated statewide.
- 12. The Commissioner of Higher Education ploud Resk Tunds to finance an annual conference on Native Americans in Destrsecondary coluction, Participation should include representatives of post-secondary institutions, Indias attendents, Bustann Indian community people, state educational officials, etc.

(132) Those institutions heving significant Indian student populations or Indian community involvement should provide special services (skill classes, cultural classes, Indian commaciors, tutors, etc.) for students meeding this type of program.

#3

- (136) All postsecondary institutions should develop and maintsin data on Indian students and Indian community projects for the purpose of public accountability.
- (126) The Board of Eagente and the Board of Public Education should review educational policies as they relate to Indian students and initiate the necessary action to insure that the educational needs of Nativa American people are being met.
- (130) The Board of Regents should raview the State Indian Fas Weiver and recommend to the Legislature any reform needed to make the waiver applicable to all tribal Indian students.
- (139) The Governor should appoint a Native American to the Board of Regents.
- (138) The Board of Regents should develop an annual report concerning Native Americans and postsecondary education to be disseminated statewide.
- (125) The Commissioner of Higher Education should seek funds to finance on annual conference on Native Americans in postescondary adaction. Participation should include representatives of postescondary instructions. Indem students, Montena Indian community people, state educational officials, etc.

108. NO CHANGE (other than numbering)

112. NO CHANGE (other than numbering)

- 102. The Board of Regents and the Board of Public Education review educational policies as they relate to Indian students and initiate the necessary action to insure that the educational needs of Native American people are being met.
- 106. NO CHANGE (other than numbering)
- 115. NO CHANGE (other than numbering)
- 114. The Board of Regents should develop an annual report concerning Native Americans in postsecondary education to be disseminated state-
- 111. NO CHANGE (other than numbering)

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- Native American Education (CONT'D)
- 13. The Board of Regents should seek funds from the Legislature for a permanent Indian staff newbar in the affice of the Commissianer of Higher Education for the nurpose of coordinating Indian affairs. and programs at post-secondary insti-
- 14. The Board of Regents should appoint a standing subcountree composed of Indian educators, tribal representatives, and advocates to review financing and administration of institutional programs for ledings and to deal with issues affecting the concerns of Montans In-diam communities.
- 15. The Commissioner of Higher Education should take the responsibility for evalu-ating institutional programs for Indiana and make necessary recommendations for insuring full and acceptable participa-tion. In these programs by Bontam Native

Americana.

- 16. Student financial aid officials (tribal/ state/federal) should make a rasponsible sitto/recersi) should make a responsible effort to develop new sid programs or a new attevida Indian financial sid formula on behalf of Indian students attending post-secondary institutions, taken into consideration trarty rights, traits grames, state fee valvers, economic opportunity grants, legislation.
- 17. Post-secondary institutions should financially support future Native Ameri-can cultural activities on campus (unusum axhibits, post-sows, student con-ferences, art and cultural functions, etc.), the same as other school functions during the academic year.

(140) The Board of Regents should seek funds from the Legislature for a permanent Indian staff member in the office of the Commissioner of Higher Education for the purpose of coordinating Indian affairs and programs at postsacondary institutions.

#3

- (127) The Board of Regents should appoint a standing sub-committee composed of Indian educators, tribal representativas and advocates to review financing and administration of institutional programs for Native Americans and to deal with issues affecting the concerns of Montana Indian communities.
- (137) The Commissioner of Higher Education should evaluate institutional programs for Indians and make recommendations for insuring full and acceptable participstion in these programs by Montana Narive Americans.
- (128) Student financial sid officials (tribal/ institutional/federal) should make a responsible effort to devalop new aid programs or a new atatewide Indian financial aid formula on behalf of Indian students attending postsecondary institutinns, taking into consideration treaty rights, tribal grants, state fee waivara, economic opportunity grants, legislation, etc.
- (124) Postscondary institutions should support Sinancially future Native American cultura. activities on campus (museum exhibits, powwows, student conferences, art and cultural functions, etc.) the same as other school functions during the academic year.

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- 84 116, NO CHANGE (other than numbering)
- 103. The Board of Regents should appoint a standing subcounittae composed of Indian educators, tribal representatives and concerned meonle to raview financing and administration of institutional programs for Native Americans and to deal with issues affecting the concerns of Montana Indian
- 113. NO CHANGE (other than numbering)
- 104. NO CHANGE (other than numbering)
- 100. NO CHANGE (other than numbering)

#1 #2
Native American Education (Cont'd) Native American Education (Cont'd)

18. Directors of college work-study programs should develop a policy which affords the Indian student an opportunity to work on or near reservations under the guidelines of the federal work-study program.

 Post-secondary institutions and concerned state agencies should be encouraged to support the new Indian Master Plan (88 143, BJR 60) and provide assistance for its implementation.

 Am effort should be made by officials of student health services to develop a uniform indian student health plan in coordination with the Indian Public Realth Service.

21. Provision should be made for Indian students to have access to qualified Indian Counsellors (for at least 4 years), as well as tutors (for at least 2 years), to assist them in adapting to the foreign environment of the institution.

(129) Directors of college work-study programs should develop a policy which affords the Indian student an opportunity to work on or near reservations under the guidelines of the federal work-study program.

(125) Postsecondary institutions and concerned state agencies should support the new Indian Culture Mester Plan for the Education of Public School Teachers (HB %4), NLM 60) and provide assistance for its implementation.

(134) An effort should be made by officials of student health services to develop a uniform Indian student health plan in coordination with the Indian Public Health Service.

(133) Provision should be made for Indian students to have access to qualified Indian Counselors (for at least 4 years) as well as tutors (for at least 2 years) to assist them in adapting to the foreign environment of the institution. 84

105. NO CHANGE (other than numbering)

101. NO CHANGE (other than numbering)

110. NO CHANGE (other than numbering)

109. NO CHANGE (other than numbering)

--Excellence in all aspects of post-secondary education, including instruction, research and public service.

COALS AND ACCOUNTABILITY .

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education, including instruction, research

and public services.

(1) Our primary goal as a Commission and the primary goal of Montana postsecondary 1. The primary goal of this Commission and of 1. HO CHANGE 1. The primary goal of this Commission and of Montana post-secondary education should be Montana post-secondary education is to education should be to enhance the opporenhance the opportunities for learning to enhance the opportunities for learning available to the people of Montana. We are tunities for learning available to Montanans. available to the people of Montana. We concerned about the quantity and quality of We are concerned about the quantity and are concerned about the quantity and learning opportunities. And we believe that quality of learning opportunities. And we quality of learning opportunities. And we believe that the learning experiences believe that the learning experiences availthe learning experiences available through our institutions should respect the indivable through our institutions should respect available through our institutions should respect the individualism and diversity idualism and diversity of the people of the individualism and diversity of Montanana. of the people of Montana. Montana. NO CHANGE In this spirit, we propose the following In this spirit we propose the following NO CHARGE long-range goals for Montana postsecondary long-range goals for Montana post-secondary education; -Equal and universal opportunity for --Equal and universal opportunity for par-NO CHANGE participation in postsecondary education ticipation in post-secondary education by citizens of Montana with motivation and by Montanens with motivation and ability ability to benefit regardless of race, to benefit, regardless of race, creed, creed, sex, age, national origio or econsex, age, national origin or economic status. onic status. -- A comprehensive system of postsecondary --A comprehensive system of post-secondary NO CHANGE NO CHANGE education which provides sufficient education which provides sufficient programs programs and experiences to meet the and experiences to meet the needs of the needs of Montanana. people of Montana. -- Variety of educational experiences and or-NO CHANCE -A variety of educational experiences ST DIAMET and organizations to reflect the ganizations to reflect the educational goals educational goals and learning styles of persons whose needs must be net by and learning styles of persons whose needs past be not by post-secondary education. postsecondary education. NO CRANCE --Commitment to the growth and selfrealization of the individual student -- Consitment to the growth and selfrealization of the individual student including intellectual, personal and including intellectual, personal and worstional development. vocational development. NO CHANGE --Excellence in all aspects of post-secondary

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	g1		#2		62		p.L	
1.	(CONT'D)	1. (00	(d'TNC	(1)	(CONT'B)	1.	(centre)	
	Coordination and planning to assure diversity, comprehensiveness, cooperation between the units and systems of post-secondary education and protection of the public interest.	100	CHANCE		—Coordination and planning to assure diver- sity, comprehensiveness and cooperation between the units and systems of postsecondary education and protection of the public interest.		HC CHANGE	
	Continuous innovation and self-renewal in all institutions of post-secondary education.	NO	CHANGE		Continuous innovation and self-renewal in all institutions of postsecondary education.		NO CRANGE	
	Protection of scademic freedom and assurance of scademic responsibility.	NO	CHANGE		Protection of academic freedom and assurance of academic responsibility.		NC CHANGI	
	Plexibility at the state, system and insti- tutional levels to facilitate adaptation to changing circumstances.	100	CHANGE		Flexibility at the state, system and institu- tional levels to facilitate adaptation to changing circumstances.		NO CHANGE	
	Basponsiveness to changing needs of the state, communities and people of Montana, including bringing the resources of post-secondary educa- tion to bear upon the problems of society.	NO	CHANGE		Responsiveness to changing needs of the state, communities and people of Montana, which in- cludes bringing the resources of postsecondary education to bear upon the problems of society.		MC CHANGE	
	Utilization of resources in the most educa- tionally productive and cost effective ways.	NO	CHANCE		Use of resources in the most educationally productive and cost-effective ways, including resources that exist in people with special skills, professional or otherwise.		NO CHANGE	
	Accountability which protects the rights of all who participate in post-secondary educa- tion including students, faculty, staff and taxpayers.	NO	CHANGE		Accountability, which protects the rights of all who participate in postsecondary education, including students, faculty, staff and tax- payers.		NO CHARGE	
2	 The state planning agency for post-secondary education should develop a comprehensive, com- parible massement information system 	2. NO	CHANCE	(142)	The state planning agency for postsecondary education should develop a comprehensive, compatible management information system.	119.	NO CHANGE	(Other than numbering)
	a. The elements in the system should be those with reasonable potential for direct use by the units, system offices, boards and by state government for policy and planning	8.	NO CHANGE		a. The elements in the system should be those with reasonable potential for direct use by the units, systems offices, boards and by state government for policy and planning purposes.		а. ПО СНА	BGE

	#1	62	#3	84
2,	(CONT*D)	2. (CONT'D)	[142] (CONT'D)	119. (CONT*D)
	 All elements put in the system should be as compatible as possible. 	b. NO CHANGE	 All elements put in the system should be as compatible as possible. 	b. BO CHANGE
	 Dual or duplicate systems, being extremely expensive to maintain, should be avoided. 	c. NO CHANGE	Dual or duplicate systems are extremely expensive to maintain and should be avoided.	c. EO CHARGE
	d. ADDED BY COMMISSION AT JUNE 6/7 MERTING	d. The weigs of the Junium Interestry, Justice should use a uniform system of Accounts are practically as a uniform system of Accounts are practically as a property of the Account of the Account of Control (fig. 18 half accounts to Paper Secretary 265 (State Selfs Indicated Interest Interest Indicated Interest Indicated Interest Indicated Interest Indicated Interest Indicated Interest Indicated Interest Interest Indicated Interest Indicated Interest Indicated Interest Interes	d. The units of the Montana University Systems absolute use a university of the control of the control of the control council on Education and endorsed by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Where measurers the Council of the Council of the Council System should be modified to accomme- date these nationally recognized accounting for college and university accounting for college and university.	d. NO CEANTE
3.	Governing boards should consider developing statements of rights and responsibilities for members of the institutions including faculty, students, administrators, staff and trustees along the lines suggested in the Technical Report on Accountability. These statements should be developed in consultation with each of the groups affected,	rights and responsibilities for members of the	(143) Governing boards should develop statements of rights and responsibilities for members of the institutions (including faculty, students, administrators, staff and trustees) along the lines suggested in the Technical Report on Accountability:	120. NO CHANNE
		 accountability of post-secondary education to the public and its representatives 	Accountability of postsecondary education to the public and its representatives.	NO CHANGE
		accountability of post-secondary education to the student	Accountability of postsecoodary education to the student.	HO CEANGE
		-accountability of the individual (faculty, students, staff) to the institution	-Accountability of the individual (faculty, students, staff) to the institution.	90 CHARGE
		—accountability of the public and its repre- mentatives to the institution		
		These statements should be developed in consultation with each of the groups affected.	(144) These statements should be developed in consulta- tion with each of the groups affected.	COMMISSED WITH \$100 AS IN OCCUPS A:
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4. ADDED BY COMMISSION AT 6/28/74 MEETING 4. ADDED BY COMMISSION AT 6/28/74 MEETING

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(145) The Board of Regents should be encouraged to publish an annual report on its activities including its financial status, as elected in the status, as elected in the state. This report should be mode available to the lagislature each December.

131. W CHANGE (ther than numbering)

ADDITIONAL RECOMMENDATIONS ADDPTED IN OCTOBER, 1974

- 121. The Board of Regents require all institutions participating in intercollegiate athletics to use a uniform accounting system developed by the Board of Regents.
- 122. Student funding of intercollegiate athletics should be controlled by the students through student government. The administration at each institution can establish the athletic gate charge for the student body based upon the student funding.
- 123. An effort should be made to coordinate the total physical education program at each institution including recreation, intramural sports, intercollegiate athletics and physical education.
- 13.5 State appropriate founds should be limited to the following appears of the intercollepiate subletice property of the intercollepiate subletice property of the intercollepiate subletic discrete resolution and efficiences remains, cachelon, equipment managers and effice secrete of staff submerce subtraction to actual secompany athletes for efficiently echological events now from home Objects of the company athletes for efficiently exhibited sevents may from home Objects and plant including withints (0) effice supplies and equipment (3) conference expellers and equipment (3) conference exhibited the conference of the conference o

ADDITIONAL RECOMMENDATIONS CONTINUED:

- 125. In addition to the implementation of the above recommendations, the board of Regards should undertake the state of th
- 126. The Commission accepts in principle a Blackfeet Community College. This institution should receive its direction and policy determination from an accredited community college.
- 12). The Mentram Commission on Postsocondary Doctation stroughly recommends that the pumple of the State of Montans, the Covernor, the Legislature and the Board of Regents support each soft at a state of the State of State of State of the State of State of Legislature and the State states in without loss of quality, since the states quo and current funding trends are inadequate. We recommend further, that the current budget of the State of the State is revised on the State of the State is revised to the State of the State of

